# THE Bombay Gazette.

NO. 55,574—NEW SERIES, BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA


## SHIPPING.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

| Date of Sailing | Steamer. | Tons. | Connecting at Aden with | Tons. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1st July | SIMLA (a) | 6900 | .... | .... |
| 8th | SALSETTE | 5000 | MACEDONIA.. | 10515 |
| 15th | ARABIA | 7332 | .... | .... |
| 22nd | SALSETTE | 5000 | MARMORA .... | 10509 |
| 29th | ARCADIA | 7913 | .... | .... |
| 5th Aug. | SIMLA (a) | 6900 | INDIA ..... | 7911 |
| 12th | PERSIA | 7951 | .... | .... |
| 19th | SALSETTE | 5000 | MOLDAVIA .. | 9502 |
| 26th | MALOJA | 7340 | .... | .... |
| 2nd Sept. | SALSETTE | 5000 | MOREA..... | 10890 |
| 9th | OCEANA | 5670 | .... | .... |
| 16th | SALSETTE | 5000 | MONGOLIA .. | 9508 |
| 23rd | ARCADIA | 7933 | .... | .... |
| 30th | SALSETTE | 5000 | MOOLTAN .... | 9651 |
| 7th Oct. | MOVIA | 7912 | .... | .... |
| 14th | SALSETTE | 5000 | MALWA ..... | 10532 |
| 21st | MALOJA | 7951 | .... | .... |
| 28th | MANTUA (b) | 10885 | CHINA ..... | 7932 |

All the above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

a This Steamer will call at BRINDISI.

b The "MANTUA" proceeds direct to LONDON via MALTA and passengers for MARSEILLES tranship at PORTSAID to the "CHINA."

Passengers leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 p.m. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

### GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES Booked without charge,

BERTHS Carefully Selected.

EXCHANGE PLANS Sent for Inspection.

HANDBOOK Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.

BAGGAGE Shipped and Insured.

PASSENGERS Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA GRINDLAY & Co.

LONDON GRINDLAY & Co.

### SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|
| D. Sardegna | 4,300 | P. Maganzine | 15th July 1911 |
| Principessa Jolanda | 5,580 | L. Manchini | 15th Aug. 1911 |
| D. Sardegna | 4,300 | D. Maganzine | 15th Sept. 1911 |

RATES TO PER ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

| | 1st Class | 2nd Class | 3rd Class |
|---|---|---|---|
| Single Tickets | Rs. 500 | Rs. 350 | Rs. 165 |
| Return Tickets avail- able two years | Rs. 750* | Rs. 525 | Rs. 247-8 |

* Limited Cabins, Rs. 600 Single and Rs. 900 Return.

Through Booking of Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through Tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, Rs. 745; Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or *vice versa*, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued in connection either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ischia | 5,109 | G. Belsito | 16th July 1911 |
| Giava | 5,580 | P. Figari | 16th Aug. 1911 |
| Ischia | 5,109 | G. Belsito | 16th Sept. 1911 |

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 145 to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 250.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea and American Ports issued, subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Esplanade Chowk, Bombay.

### DEUTSCH OST AFRIKA LINIE.

(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL:—

| Steamers. | Tons. | Capt. | To Sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| a Windsorhall | 3,319 | Brenner | 5th July. |
| b Kaiser | 3,000 | Schutz | 19th " |
| c Markomannia | 3,580 | Hale | 26th " |

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

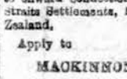
A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.

Ice Factory Street, Bombay 20 June, 1911.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, 2 Green Street Fort.

## SHIPPING.

### BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.



INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

| Steamer. | Tons. | Sailing. | Date. | Time. | Route via. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dumra ... | 1695 | Thurs. | 6th July | 9 a.m. | direct. |
| Lhasa ... | 2184 | Fri. | 7th July | 6 a.m.† | direct, |

†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSHEH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 6th July calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3413 tons, sailing on or about Wednesday, 5th July, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Basreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Parnes," 3306 tons, sailing on or about Thursday 13th July, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Landaura," 3308 tons, sailing on or about 1st July.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

30th June, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captain. | To Sail on |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sydney ... | 4,118 | Sellier ... | 6th July 1911. |
| Salazie ... | 4,147 | Blaize ... | 3rd Aug. 1911. |
| Ville de la Ciotat | 6,373 | Eschenauer | 31st Aug. 1911. |
| Australien ... | 6,365 | Mouton ... | 28th Sept. 1911. |
| Nora ... | 5,5?? | Casanova ... | 26th Oct. 1911. |
| ... | 42 | ... | 31st Dec. 1911. |

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To Sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| Australien ... | 6,365 | ...Mouton ... | 14th July. |
| Nora ... | 5,538 | ...Casanova ... | 11th Aug. |

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Agent.

Albert Building Hornby Road.

### ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

| Steamer. | Tonnage. | Captain. | Leave Bombay. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Circassia ... | 6716 | C F Osborne R N R | 11th July 1911. |
| Scindia ... | 5106 | Wm. Kelso ..... | 23rd " " |
| Castalia ... | 6388 | J. Hamilton ..... | 8th Aug. " |
| Elysia ... | 6368 | W. Robertson..... | 21st " " |
| Massilia ... | 5091 | J. Thomson ..... | 8th Sept. " |
| Olympia ... | 5124 | G. Mitchell ..... | 23rd " " |
| Circassia ... | 6716 | C F Osborne R N R | 9th Oct. " |
| Scindia ... | 5106 | Wm. Kelso ..... | 21st " " |
| Castalia ... | 6388 | J. Hamilton ..... | 4th Nov. " |
| Elysia ... | 6368 | A. Haig ..... | 18th " " |
| Massilia ... | 5091 | J. Thomson ..... | 4th Dec. " |
| Olympia ... | 5124 | G. Mitchell ..... | 20th " " |
| Circassia ... | 6716 | C. F. Osborne R.N.R. | 3rd Jan. 1912 |
| Scindia ..... | 5105 | W. Kelso ..... | 23rd " " |
| Castalia ..... | 6388 | J. Hamilton ..... | 7th Feb. 1912 |

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

| | | | Leave Bombay about. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Elysia ..... | 6368 | A. Haig ..... | 28th Feb. 1912 |
| Massilia ..... | 5091 | J. Thomson ..... | 9th Mar. " |
| Olympia ... | 5124 | G. Mitchell ..... | 24th " " |
| Circassia ... | 6716 | C.F. Osborne R.N.R. | 8th Apr. " |
| Scindia ..... | 5106 | Wm. Kelso ..... | 23rd " " |
| Castalia..... | 6388 | J. Hamilton..... | 4th May " |
| Elysia ..... | 6368 | A. Haig ..... | 17th " " |
| Massilia..... | 5091 | J. Thomson..... | 3rd June " |

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

| | Single. | Return |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay to Suez ... ... ... | Rs. 413 | 627 |
| Bombay to Portsaid ... ... ... | " 446 | 677 |
| Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool ... ... ... | " 578 | 924 |
| Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool. | " 653 | 999 |
| Bombay to Gibraltar ... ... | " 590 | 891 |
| Bombay to Liverpool ... ... | " 605 | 957 |
| Bombay to New York ... ... | " 803 | 1,340 |
| Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez ... ... ... | " 446 | |

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay

For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

## BANKS.

### COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR)

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted,
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

### NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

| | |
|---|---|
| SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... | £ 2,000,000 |
| PAID UP CAPITAL..... | £ 1,000,000 |
| RESERVE FUND..... | £ 800,000 |

HEAD OFFICE:

26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Calcutta, | Cochin, | Zanzibar, |
| Bombay, | Chittagong, | Mombasa, |
| Madras, | Rangoon, | Nairobi, |
| Karachi, | Mandalay, | Nakuru, |
| Lahore | Colombo, | Kisumu, |
| Amritsar, | Kandy | Jinja, |
| Delhi, | Nawara-Eliya. | Kampala, |
| Cawnpore | Aden (Camp.) | Entebbe, |
| Tuticorin, | Aden, (Steamer Point) | |

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 3 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive [illegible] Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. W. J. K. HEGARTY
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

### THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

| | |
|---|---|
| AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... | £ 1,500,000 |
| SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... | £ 1,125,000 |
| PAID-UP CAPITAL..... | £ 562,500 |
| RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS ..... | £ 562,500 |
| RESERVE FUNDS ..... | £ 325,000 |

HEAD OFFICE:

40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS

The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank,

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS,

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS,

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

### HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

| | |
|---|---|
| Paid up Capital ..... | $ 15,000,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Proprietors ..... | $ 15,000,000 |
| Silver Reserve Fund ..... | $ 16,250,000 |
| Gold Reserve Fund ..... | £ 1,500,000 |

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| AMOY | IPOH | PENANG |
| BANGKOK | JOHORE, | RANGOON |
| BATAVIA | KOBE | SAIGON |
| BOMBAY | KUALA LUMPUR | SAN FRANCISCO |
| CALCUTTA | LONDON | SHANGHAI |
| CANTON | LYONS | DO HONGKEW |
| COLOMBO | MALACCA. | SINGAPORE |
| FOOCHOW | MANILA | SOURABAYA |
| HAMBURG | NAGASAKI | TIENTSIN |
| HANKOW | NEW YORK | YOKOHAMA |
| HONGKONG | PEKING | ZOLLO |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.


CLARKES B. 44. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.



## QUALITY.

IF we had the power to convince those who have a special weakness for purchasing everything that is advertised at a low price and which is thought to be CHEAP on that account, believing perhaps, like Mr. Dooley, that "Quality is what th' manufacthurrer throws in with his goods for a prisint to ye", we would be helping to prevent great public waste of money. Quality with us, is also associated with economy in price to a limited point, but the chief feature which is always prominently before us is a satisfactory product, a product of character, a product which will relieve the mind of the purchaser of all doubt or uncertainty in regard to his purchase, a quality-production which naturally means completion in excellence and embodying accuracy, durability and refined finish. It is by these studied conditions that we have been able to establish a high character for the quality of our watches, clocks, jewellery, etc., any one article of which to a purchaser becomes an absolute souvenir for a life-time as the best value for money paid.

Our object has never been to aim at introducing something that will "sell" at a low price, because of that something being a crude imitation of something superior which commands a higher value. We leave the degenerate side of this sort of trade with bazaar dealers.

We assure you that all your orders will receive our best attention.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.



## A TEMPERANCE COCKTAIL!

The drink **YOU NEED** this Hot Weather is a **"VITALIA"** Cocktail

A Pleasant, Refreshing, Stimulating drink, containing the new Life Food **"VITALIA."**

Ask for it at

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.



PRICE Rs. 3.

THE Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.

RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS

FROM

1s. 3 3/4d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.

ALSO

Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

*SECOND EDITION.*

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,

2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909



DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Presses, Sofas Chairs of latest Designs, made and supplied.—Chuckla, No. 6.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Re. 1. Apply Box No. 408, care of Bombay Gazette Office.



## THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

"ATTENTION," "ATTENTION."

LARGE STOCK OF

SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, TABLES AND EASY CHAIRS

have now arrived.

An early visit requested for a pick of good and well-designed of these articles.



## Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,

BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake 150° in cases.
Chester 125° " "
Monkey 125° " "
Elephant in tins and bulk



ALWAYS SUPERIOR

## PEARSE & CO'S. SHIP AND DOG BISCUIT

Made by Steam Machinery. Supplied in any quantity at Short Notice



## FRENCH COFFEE, PURE COFFEE,

Awarded 3 Gold Medals.

THE COFFEE OF THE DAY

Inquiries and Orders Solicited.

APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 1037.



## GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

### NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

IMPORTANT NEWS FOR MAHARAJAS, NAWABS AND OTHER RULING POTENTATES,

as well as for big Hotel-proprietors, and all other people generally who intend to

VISIT DELHI, ON THE DELHI DURBAR OCCASION.

NAWAB M. MANZUR ALI KHAN, son of the late NAWAB MIRZA AKBAR ALI KHAN, of Delhi, late Secretary of the Entertainment Committee to H. M. the Amir of Kabul, while on his visit to India, is glad to notify to the public, on behalf of the Delhi Durbar Association, which he has formed for giving facility to visitors at the Durbar Coronation time, that he has at his disposal several big palaces and other buildings in extremely good order, which can accommodate from fifty to a thousand persons with comfort and ease. The situation of the buildings is very desirable, and they are of course preferable to tents, encampments and such other flimsy temporary structures, looking to the incessant cold of Delhi in the month of December, when there is every probability of hail and snow falling.

The said Nawab is desirous of letting out some of the buildings to Hotel-proprietors, as well as of entering into arrangements with ruling chiefs and potentates, reserving for them suites of apartments, with board, if necessary, in accordance with their dignity, and doing the like in respect of highly respectable persons, officials as well as non-official, on moderate and reasonable terms.

For reference to plans and photos of buildings, together with all detailed particulars as to rents and other conditions, apply to

MR. KAVASJI BOMANJI, B.A., LL.B,
C/o Messrs. ARDESHIR, HORMUSJI, DINSHAW & Co., Solicitors,
Opposite Rajabai Tower,
Fort, Bombay.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

ALTERATIONS OF TRAINS.

FROM the 1st of July, 1911, the TIMINGS of some of the PASSENGER and MAIL TRAINS between BOMBAY and POONA and KALYAN will be REVISED. For details see Short Time Table exhibited at Stations.

Information can also be obtained from Station Masters or from the Undersigned.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 28th June, 1911.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

EXPRESS SERVICE TO SIMLA.

CHEAP RETURN TICKETS DURING THE HOT WEATHER THROUGH CARRIAGE BETWEEN BOMBAY AND KALKA.

THE EXPRESS through service between BOMBAY and KALKA via the NAGDA MUTRA RAILWAY, DELHI, MEERUT and SAHARANPUR, is worked with corridor Trains fitted with Electric Lights and Fans. Refreshment Cars are attached between Baroda and Mutra to which First and Second Class passengers have access from early in the morning to late at night. The duration of the journey between Bombay and Simla is approximately 46 hours. First Class Return Tickets available for two months are issued from 1st May to 31st July (inclusive), at the following greatly reduced rates between the undermentioned Stations, on the B. B. & C. I. and R. M. Railways and Simla.

| Stations. | Return Fares | | | Timings. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | a. | p. | Up | Down. |
| Bombay ... | 108 | 10 | 0 | Dep. 2.15 | Dep. 21.05 |
| Mhow ... | 103 | 2 | 0 | 22-40 | 5-20 |
| Neemuch ... | 95 | 14 | 0 | 23-30 | 4-55 |
| Nasirabad ... | 85 | 13 | 0 | 0-3 | 19-55 |
| Simla Dep. 8-15 | | | | Arr. 18-30 | |

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

IMPORTANT TO PRINTERS & PROPRIETORS OF PRINTING PRESSES.

THE following PRINTING PRESSES, MACHINERY and PLANT are to be SOLD immediately at a very LOW PRICE to make room for new Machinery in the "Bombay Gazette" Press :—

2 Type casting Machines.
1 Ruling Machine.
2 Treadle Machines.
2 Cutting Machines.
2 Very large Printing Machines.
2 Small Printing Machines.
1 Backing Machine (for Book-binding).
1 Large Press for Printing Copper Plates.
1 Lithograph Press.

The above can be seen in working order at the "Bombay Gazette" Press.

For Particulars and price, see the GENERAL MANAGER.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. HEGBIR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are as under, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

## AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH NOVELTY THEATRE.

TO-MORROW
THE GREAT FIGHT
WELSH vs. DRISCOLL.
FOR
£2,500
One of the greatest contests of the Century.
ALSO
A SPECIAL PROGRAMME OF NEW AND INTERESTING FILMS.

TO-NIGHT.

Last Night of This Week's POPULAR PROGRAMME.

"THE COURIER OF LYONS."

&c. &c. &c. &c.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

SKATING RINK.

MONSOON SEASON.

GRAND OPENING NIGHT.

SATURDAY, July 1st, at 9-30 P. M.

BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

11 Gold Medals awarded.
Number of inventions patented

HARICHAND MANCHARAM & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF FIRE,

FALL & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,

LOCKS AND STRONG ROOMS,

OURS is the OLDEST FIRM in India of its kind.

Fireproof composition under the Supervision of the famous scientist, Prof. T. K. Gajjar, M. A., B. Sc., F. C. S.

The inspection of our wares is respectfully invited

HEAD OFFICE AND SHOWROOM :—
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

TRADE MARK

"LAXATETTES."

No appetite?
Bad taste in the mouth?
Tongue coated?
Pain in the Stomach and Bowels?
Head ache?
Pimples?
Sallow Complexion?

LOOK OUT!

THAT'S NATURE'S DANGER SIGNAL!

If you don't take yourself in hand right away there's

Trouble ahead for you—a big Doctor's bill, at least.

"LAXATETTES" WILL LIVEN YOUR LIVER,

STIMULATE—STOMACH SCRETIONS.
FORCE THE BOWELS TO DO THEIR WORK,

Quietly, Naturally, Gently, Without Shocking the System.

Twenty-Five of Them Cost but One Rupee. For Mofussil One Rupee Four Annas, Postage Paid. Value-payable.

To be had from the Proprietors PERIN and Co., from KEMP and Co., and S. BROTHERS, and Co., etc.

HOTEL WINDSOR.

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,

*LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.*

FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, single bed rooms from 4s.; double from 7s.; sitting and bed room from 15s.; suites from 21s.; including attendance and electric light. Inclusive terms from 12s. per day. Special inclusive terms by the year. Wedding receptions. Turkish Bath, Post Office telephones in every suite. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents).

J. R. CLEAVE,
PROPRIETOR.

TO ESCAPE

All Dangers—Moral and Physical,
Please Read our Book!!!

KAM SHASTRA."

A GUIDE to Health, Wealth and Prosperity!

Available in all Languages!!

English, Marathi, Hindi, Gujarati, Urdu, Bengali, Telugu and Tamil!

Kanarese Edition in the Press!!!

More than 600,000 copies already supplied

GRATIS and POST-FREE.

Apply to :—VAIDYA SHASTRI
MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI,
Jamnagar, (Kathiawar.)

SELF CURE NO FICTION!
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges of other sexual preceding infections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swollen joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital forces. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes :—

9¼ inch by 4¼ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4¼ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *

* If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.

5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

## SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

WANTED.—A good SHORTHAND TYPIST, with a thorough knowledge of English; one with experience in a Solicitor's Office preferred. Apply Box No. 2382, care of this Paper.

FOR SALE.—A FINE PAIR of ARABIC HORSES, colour bay, size 15 hands, appearance good. Apply Box No. 2055, care of this Paper.

WILL ANY LADY, returning to England by mail of July 15th or 22nd, UNDERTAKE TO ESCORT little Girl of nearly three, in return for half single 2nd class passage to London. Apply Mrs. MENZIES, Hotel Majestic, Bombay.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

WE STOCK new and second-hand motor cars, serviceable and cheap accessories. We undertake Electrical Installations. Satisfaction assured. Inquiries solicited. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street Fort.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols; "Scribner" '50 to '82 five vols; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

FOR SALE,—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Re. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes :—Singer's Sewing Machines are proved satisfactory in all respects. They are so strong that they can hardly go out to order, and as far as the mechanical excellence is concerned they are best in the World.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1 Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 3 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 5/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes. "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes :—9¼ inch by 4¼ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4¼ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000. 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand!) printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—

Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,

Cheapest Dealers in

STATIONERY, DRAWING AND PAINTING MATERIALS

For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc

RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,

KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.

GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted. Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
68 FENCHURCH STREET LONDON, E.C.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

## BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE : NEW YORK.

Capital paid up.....Gold $ 3,250,000,000
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits.....Gold $ 3,460,398,39
LONDON OFFICE : 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES :

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay, | Cebu, | San Francisco, |
| Calcutta, | Shanghai. | Washington, |
| Singapore. | Hankow. | Mexico, |
| Hongkong, | Peking. | Panama, |
| Canton, | Yokohama, | Colon. |
| Manila. | Kobe. | Empire. |

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL .....£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£1,625,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES :

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Hamburg | Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S. | Manila |
| Bombay | Medan Deli (Sumatra) | Colon |
| Calcutta | Singapore | Honolulu |
| Madras | Kuala Lumpor (F. M. S.) | Canton. |
| Rangoon | | Foochow |
| Colombo | Klang (F. M. States) | Shanghai |
| Karachi | Seremban (F. M. States) | Tientsin |
| Amritsar | Bangkok | Hankow |
| Penang | Batavia | Yokohama |
| Ipsaping (Perak F. M. S.) | Soerabaya | Kobe |
| | Saigon | New York |

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34,

JOHN GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 28,00,000

HEAD OFFICE : SIMLA.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS :

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application,

E. E. SAVI,
Acting Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... „ 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ... „ 16,850,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Antung-Hsien | Nagasaki |
| Bombay | Newchwang |
| Changchun | New York |
| Dairen (Dalny) | Osaka |
| Hankow | Peking |
| Hongkong | Ryojun (Port Arthur) |
| Honolulu | San Francisco |
| Kobe | Shanghai |
| Liaoyang | Tiehling |
| London | Tientsin |
| Lyons | Tokyo |
| Fengtien (Mukden) | |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

BRANCHES :

Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad (Sind), Junagadh, Karachi, Mandvi (Bombay), Nadiad, Rajkot, Sukkur and Surat.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL

Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest when does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be showed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

PRADER RIPU.

A Sure Remedy for Leucorrhœa (Whites). Cure is imminent. Strongly recommended to try it once. Price Rs. 3 a bottle. Apply to

SAPAT & CO.,
Chemists, Bombay, No. 2.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS, Rs. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL

Is the only remedy for CHOLERA, Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE

Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS

Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness, Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER

scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT

Cures in a day, As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA.
WARLI LABORATORY DADAR, BOMBAY.

B. O. C. KEROSINES { WATERLILY 150° F. / CHUKKER 125° F. / VICTORIA 125° F.

B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS.

B. O. C. MOTOR OILS, A. & B.

MOTOR GREASES.

Specially Prepared for MOTOR-CARS, MOTOR CYCLES & BOATS.

BURMAH OIL COMPANY, LTD.

*Agents* :—SHAW, WALLACE & CO., BOMBAY.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy vitiate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or constrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, trembling, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c., restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood, from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scuri, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, psalmus and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and practical means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on primary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

Agents for India—TREACHER AND CO., LTD., BOMBAY, BYCULLA and POONA.

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.
BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.
RESTORES THE WEAK,
REVIVES THE DEPRESSED
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS
A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

"We cannot speak too highly of your Essence."

AGENTS :—TREACHER & Co., Limited : PHILLIPS & Co., Limited : KEMP & Co., &c.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.

FACING THE SEA.

FORT, BOMBAY.

ACCIDENTS AND DISEASE

INCLUDING

ENTERIC FEVER

INSURED AGAINST BY

THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY,

One of the Oldest and Wealthiest Accident Companies.

PREMIUMS FOR FULLEST BENEFITS

£6 or £7 per annum,

INDIAN AGENTS :

MESSRS. KING KING & CO.,

BOMBAY.

JJ&S

PURE POT STILL WHISKEY

The fine flavour and exceptionally high quality of John Jameson's Whiskey have made it

Famous for over 100 years.

JOHN JAMESON & SONS, LIMITED, DUBLIN.

*Distillers to H.M. The King.*

THE BEST "APENTA" NATURAL APERIENT WATER

MOTORISTS! Did you see our Aluminium Matting? If not, you should do so. Unlike rubber it is non-perishable and will keep tidy after years of service. The UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

"I NEVER FOUND OUT OF ORDER.—"I am glad to inform you that I have used Singer's Oscillating Machine for last 10 years, and during that time never found it out of order," and even now it works as if it were quite new, Mrs. L. ALMEIDA, Girgaum, Bombay.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 42 APOLLO STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 3rd July, at 3-30 P.M. (S. T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, in No. 16, Apollo Street, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods, the following :—

Furniture such as chairs, sofas, easy chairs, cupboards, almirahs, dressing, wash-hand, and writing tables, piano, phonographs with records, typewriters, iron safes, etc.

At 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred victoria.
1 „ brougham.

By order of R. D. Sethna, Esqr., Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Jafferbhai Rahimji, an Insolvent—

1 handsome steel rubber-tyred victoria, made to order, with a handsome and fast iron grey young Arab horse and harness.

The above turn-out is open for inspection in the stable of Mr. Munjibhai Nathoo on 2nd Road Sands side.

and any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

AUCTION SALE OF THE RIGHT TO COLLECT OUTSTANDINGS.

High Court Suit No. 511 of 1909.

Baboorao Rani Karandas.....Plaintiff.
vs.
Maganlal Balakbidas.....Defendant.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esqr., the Receiver appointed in the above Suit by an order made by the High Court, on the 5th day of July, 1909, and pursuant to the Court's order, dated the 6th day of April, 1909, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 7th day of July, 1911, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.) at their Rooms on the 1st Floor of Rahimtoola Building, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort.

The right to collect the outstandings of the business carried on in the name of Hashanand Aditram, amounting to about Rs. 5,04-15.

For conditions of sale and a detailed list of the outstandings, apply to Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, Solicitors, for the Receiver or to the Undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 30th June, 1911.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 1st proximo at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

Also a few pieces of office furniture, consisting of writing tables, chairs, pigeon hole cupboard and others, glass screens, oval table, pictures, copying press, wire table, partitions, teakwood doors, punkah with cloth, small platform scale, etc.

At 2 P.M. (S.T.)

1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand glass fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.
1 chestnut country-bred horse, 15 hands, believed sound, goes well in saddle.

SALE of the right of collecting toll at the Sion and Mahim Causeways.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, under instructions of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, sell by Public Auction, the above right at 3 p. m. (S. T.) on Monday, the 3rd July 1911, at the Office of the Assessor and Collector, on the ground floor of the Municipal Building.

Particulars and conditions of Sale may be obtained at the Office of the Municipal Commissioner or at the Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE of Machinery, Lathe, Pumps, Belting, Shafts, Electrical Materials, Fans, etc. etc.

Under instructions from the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 548 of 1910 Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, on TUESDAY the 4th proximo, sell by Public Auction at 2 p.m. (S. T.) at the Godown No. 14 Marine Street, Fort, next to Messrs. John Roberts Factory, the following machinery and mill appliances mortgaged by B Mugaseth to Messrs. Mulji Jaitha and Co.; consisting of hand-rotatary and torrent force pumps, Davies fans, numbering machines, rubber goods, drilling machines, fodder cutters, fly wheels, blacksmiths forges, fancying wires, iron shaftings and pipes, 1 1-2 h.p. oil engine Platt Bros; slide frames, steam pumps, electrical materials, large lathes, platform scale, leather beltings, rubber beltings, horizontal and centrifugal pumps, aluminium fan blades, etc., etc.

The above will be on view 4 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PEARLS.

On WEDNESDAY, the 5th proximo, at 3-30 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of the Mortgagee, Mr. Gulabchand Deochund Jawari, and on account and risk of the Mortgagor, Mowjeeji Chaganlal Choksi :—

2 very valuable large Scojni, weighing about 300 chows.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE of very Valuable Carriages, new and second-hand and Coach Factory appliances, etc.

Under instructions from the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 223 of 1911, Nicolas Rosario Pinto, vs. Ignez Matilde Lobo and others, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on TUESDAY, the 11th proximo, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at No. 254 Grant Road, opposite the Grant Road Burial Ground, the following carriages :—

2 new well built rubber-tyred victorias.
2 new rubber-tyred palanquin office shigrams.
1 new glass-fronted rubber-tyred miniature brougham, double seated.
1 new glass-fronted brougham, incomplete.
1 old brougham, incomplete.
1 new shigram, body only.
1 new victoria, body only.

Also factory appliances such as anvils, bellows, hammers, springs, iron, wood, etc., etc.

The above will be sold in separate lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 30th June, 1911.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

| | Subscription. Rate | Discount Rate |
|---|---|---|
| Yearly ... | Rs. 25 0 | Rs. 30 0 |
| Half-yearly ... | „ 13 12 | „ 15 0 |
| Quarterly ... | „ 7 8 | „ 8 0 |
| Monthly ... | „ 2 8 | „ 3 0 |

SINGLE COPY ... ... ONE ANNA.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Yearly ... | Rs. 37 8 | Rs. 30 0 |
| Half-yearly ... | „ 20 0 | „ 15 0 |
| Quarterly ... | „ 10 10 | „ 8 0 |
| Monthly ... | „ 3 12 | „ 3 0 |

SINGLE COPY ... ... TWO ANNAS.

N. B.—To obtain the benefit of the discount half payment must always be made in advance.

For rates of old issues of the "Bombay Gazette" See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles lost or Found, the scale is as follows :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Not exceeding three lines ... | Rs. 1 0 |
| Each succeeding line... ... | „ 0 8 |

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

# DAILY MARKET REPORT.

## LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, June 28.] [BOMBAY, June 29.

## FINANCIAL.

| | Rates. | Plus. | Minus. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 1-2 per cent. Consols ... | 79 11-16 | | 1-16 |
| do. Rentes ... | 85 1-4 | un | chgd |
| 3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan.. | 94 | un | chgd |
| do. Govt. Securities... | 64 3-8 | un | chgd |
| Bar Silver in London ... | 24 3-8 | | 1-16 |
| do. 2 months' hence... | 24 7-16 | | 1-16 |
| do. in New York ... | 52 7-8 | 1-8 | |
| Exchange on London at Paris. | 25 31 1-2 | un | chgd |
| do. at Berlin... | 20 42 1-2 | un | chgd |
| do. at New York... | 4 85 1-8 | 1-8 | |
| Discount Bank of England Rate | 3 p.c. | since | |
| do. Short London | 9th Mar. | | |
| Bills, 3 months' sight. | 2 1-4 | | 1-8 |
| do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight. | 2 1-8 | | 1-8 |
| do 3 months' Fine Trade Bills... | 2 7-8 | un | chgd |
| do, 6 months' Fine Trade Bills... | 3 3-8 | un | chgd |
| Interest Day-to-day Loans ... | 1 5-8 | un | chgd |
| Interest 7 day Market Loans... | 2 1-8 | un | chgd |

Bar Gold ... 77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 7-8 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver—Small business.

## COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot ... Steady, moderate business.
Futures ... Quiet.
East Indian ... .....
Manchester ... Buyers early taking current requirements.

Total Sales ... 7,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export... 3,500
Imports ... 4,000
Mid Americans ... 5-16+11
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 10 1-2 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

| June-July | July-Aug. | Aug.-Sept. | Sept.-Oct. | Oct.-Nov. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7·34 +03 | 7·79 +03 | 7·51 +02 | 7·15 +01 | 7·01 +01 |

| Nov.-Dec. | Dec.-Jan. | Jan.-Feb. | Feb.-Mar. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6·96 +01 | 6·95 +01 | 6·95 +01 | 6·96 +01 |

New York Official Ncon Call July 14-61. Oct. 13-13
New Orleans 10 a.m. July 14-21 Oct. 13-07

NEW YORK—

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Receipts at all U. S. Ports ... | 3,000 |
| Receipts at U. S. Last year ... | 2,000 |
| Exports to Great Britain ... | ..... |
| Exports to Continent ... | 7,000 |
| Spot Cotton— | 14·30—10 |

Futures—Month of July 14-55—13 / Futures—Month of Oct 13-16—07 } Advanced on Commission house buying and declined on Southern selling of futures in the local market.

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot Cotton ... 15 1-16 unchgd
Futures—Month of July ... 14·21+04
Do. do Oct. ... 13·05—06
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Steady.

## WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi ... 33 1-4+1-8
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.
Red Karachi ... 32 3-4+1-8
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Value.
Tone—Firm.
Wheat afloat for U. K. ... 3,220,000

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs. ... 32 7-8
Do. Months—June-July—Sellers.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ... 33 7-8
Do. Month—June—Sellers.

## SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ... 43 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Sellers.
Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ... 45 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ... 41 +1-2
Do. Months—July-August.
Do. Name of Ports—Sellers—Antwerp.
Tone of Rapeseed—Firm.
LINSEED—
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 69 5-8+1-2
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Done and Sellers.
Tone of Linseed—Firmer.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 62 3-4—1-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Done.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 13+1-8
RUBBER—
Para Rubber ... 4-1—Value—Firm.
METALS—
Copper Braziers ... 68 1-2
Yellow Metal ... 6 1-16
Standard Copper G, M, B. ... 56 15-16—3-16
FREIGHT—
Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay ... 10
SUGAR—
German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags. ... 13 9 3-4—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment ... July-Aug.
Tone—Steady—Only small business.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... 12 10 1-2—Nominal.
Do. Months of Shipments ... July.
Tone—Quiet.
German Beet-root 88 p. c ... 10 10 3-4—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ... July.
Tone—Steady moderate business.
BAR & Similar Crystals C & F India ... 14 10 1-2—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ... July-August.
Tone—Steady but little doing.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... 11-3—Value,
Months of Shipments ... June.
Tone—Quiet.
Java—General Tone—Inactive.

# BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [29TH June, 1911.

## IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

| Packages. | Value. | From | Importers |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | | |
| 1 Box Sovs ... | 37,500 | London ... | Chartered Bank |
| 3 Box Gold ... | 5,37,600 | do | Comptoir Bank |

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL ON 27th June, 1911.

| By | Bars | Ounces |
|---|---|---|
| G I P Railway ... | 54 | 61,745 |
| B B and C I Railway ... | 16 | 53,038 |

## FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—
We have again little or no change to report to-day. The enquiry for Bank remittance is small and Private bills continue scarce. Rates are practically unaltered from yesterday. Far Eastern rates are quiet.

We quote :—

| | |
|---|---|
| T. T. on London | ...1s. 4d. to 1s 4 1-32d. |
| Demand Draft | ...1s. 4d. to 1s. 4 1-32d. |
| Credits 3 months' sight | ...1s 4 3-16d. |
| Do. do forward | ...1s. 4 9-32d. Oct. |
| Do. do France | ...170 1-2 |
| Do. do Marks | ...133 1-4 |
| Hongkong 60 days' sight | ...133 |
| Shanghai " | ...177 3-4 |
| Japan " | ...150 1-4 |

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—
The market opened at 96 5-16 for Cash and the 1st Settlement and 96 1-8 for the 2nd Settlement and has given way during the day closing as under.

We quote :—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cash ... | ... | Rs. | 96 3 0 | |
| 1st Settlement | ... | " | 96 3 0 | |
| 2nd " | ... | " | 96 1 0 | |

BULLION :—
Bar Silver in London yesterday closed 1-16 lower for ready and forward at 24 3-8 and 24 7-16 respectively. New York was 1-8 down at 52 3-4. The local market opened easier and has remained quiet during the day. Bar gold is steady.

We quote :—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| English Bar Gold ... | ... | Rs | 24 | 0 0 |
| Australian " ... | ... | " | 24 | 0 0 |
| Sovereigns " ... | ... | " | 15 | 0 0 |
| Silver Ready ex-duty | ... | " | 61 | 14 0 |
| " 1st settlement | ... | " | 61 | 15 0 |
| " 2nd Settlement | ... | " | 62 | 0 0 |

## COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—
The market opened firm with prices Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 higher allround. The absence of rain is causing anxiety and the tendency is for higher prices if rain holds off. Sellers are very scarce and though there is some enquiry for New Crop, business is impracticable. The market closes excited and irregular as under.
Ready cotton continues steady with a moderate enquiry.
QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Good M G Broach ... | ... | Rs. | 322 1-2 March |
| Fine M G Nagpur ... | ... | " | 320 Nominal. |
| Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola. | | " | 310 " |
| F. G. M. G. Khandeish | ... | " | 288 " |
| Fine M G Bengal ... | ... | " | 304 Nov. |
| Fine M. G. Bengal ... | ... | " | 294 Dec. |
| Fine M. G. Bengal ... | ... | " | 287 Jan. |
| F. G. H. G. Bengal | ... | " | 262 " |

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Opening Tone | ... | Irregular. |
| Estimated Sales | ... | 7,000 bales |
| Total Imports | ... | Nil. |

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

| June-July | July-Aug. | Aug.-Sept. | Sept.-Oct. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7·34 | 7·79 | 7·51 | 7·14 |
| unchgd | unchgd | unchgd | —01 |

| Oct.-Nov. | Nov.-Dec. | Dec.-Jan. | Jan.-Feb. | Feb.-Mar. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7·00 —01 | 6·95 —01 | 6·94 —01 | 6·94 —01 | 6·95 —01 |

## SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—The market is steadier for forward delivery.

We quote :—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ready " | ... | Rs. | 12 | 0 0 B. T. |
| September ... | ... | " | 13 | 0 6 R. T. |
| 2nd " | ... | " | 96 | 1 0 |

RAPESEED :—The market is steady.

We Quote :—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Yellow Guzerat ready ... | | " | 7 | 11 0 B. T. |
| Brown Etawah ready ... | | " | 6 | 12 0 B. T. |

GINGELLYSEED :—The market is quiet but steady.

We quote :—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bold White 85 p.c. | ... | Rs. | 51 | 0 0 |
| Yellow Hingangbat | ... | " | 57 | 0 0 |
| Black Kutni | ... | " | 43 | 0 0 |

JASTORSEED :—Tone steady. We Quote :—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ready | ... | Rs. | 35 | 8 0 |

COTTONSEED :—Tone quiet. We Quote :—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ready | ... | Rs. | 21 | 8 0 |

POPPYSEED :—Tone steadier.

We Quote :—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ready | ... | Rs. | 10 | 0 0 B. T. |

GROUNDNUTS :—Tone firmer.

We Quote :—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bold | ... | Rs. | 41 | 8 0 |
| Small | ... | " | 40 | 0 0 |

MOWRASEED :—Tone quiet.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| July-August | ... | Rs. | 7 | 1 0 B. T. |

WHEAT :—The market is steady.

We Quote :—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| White Delhi ready. | ... | Rs. | 4 | 11 0 B. T. |
| " " Sept | ... | Rs. | 5 | 2 6 R. T. |

## SHARES.

### BANKS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of Bombay ... ... ... | 1,720 |
| Bank of Burma ... ... ... | 136 1-2 |
| Bank of India ... ... ... | 68 1-2 |
| Eastern Bank ... ... ... | 78 1-2 |
| Indian Specie ... ... ... | 52 1-2 |

### MILLS.

| | |
|---|---|
| David ... ... ... ... | 386 1-4 |
| Kohinoor ... ... ... ... | 660 |
| Manockji Petit ... ... ... | 2,622 1-2 |
| New Great Eastern ... ... | 170 |
| Standard ... ... ... ... | 945 |

### MISCELLANEOUS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ... | 138 1-2 |
| Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference... | 172 |
| Bombay Steam Navigation Ord. ... | 280 |
| Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ... | 17 1-2 |
| Treacher and Co. ... ... ... | 525 |

### RAILWAYS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Central Provinces Ry. ... ... | 80 |
| Tapti-Valley ... ... ... | 490 |

## DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cotton ... | ... | ... | 4,988 bales |
| Wheat ... | ... | ... | 15,097 cwts. |
| Linseed ... | ... | ... | 11,175 " |
| Rapeseed ... | ... | ... | 1,303 " |
| Gingellyseed ... | ... | ... | 96 " |
| Poppyseed ... | ... | ... | 1,489 " |
| Groundnuts... | ... | ... | 271 " |
| Castorseed ... | ... | ... | 6,415 " |
| Rice ... | ... | ... | 1,216 " |
| Myrabollams ... | ... | ... | 2,261 " |
| Cottonseed ... | ... | ... | 6,297 " |
| Mowraseed ... | ... | ... | 6,948 " |
| Gram ... | ... | ... | 3,068 " |
| Joowar ... | ... | ... | 364 " |
| Maize ... | ... | ... | 726 " |

# CALCUTTA MARKET REPORT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 29.

The Bank of Bengal rate remains at 4 per cent. and an analysis of the bank figures shows an increase in the public demand of forty and three quarter lakhs while the cash is down by eleven and a half lakhs making a percentage of 45·56 against 43·95 last week.

No business was done in the Jute market and the Gunny market is also as dull as ever.

The Share market:—Tea shares were much firmer, but there was little inquiry for coal shares.

# KARACHI FREIGHT MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JUNE 29.

There has been more enquiry for berth and tonnage during the week and charters put through have also been fixed. The improved demand has not enabled liners to increase their rates; shippers withdraw at once if any advance is demanded.

The meteorological advices regarding the monsoon are anything but optimistic, and exporters and Indian holders of wheat are anxiously watching the weather conditions.

## BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

BY LIEUT. STANLEY REED, OFFICIATING COMMANDANT.

Bombay, 30th June.

1. The British Infantry Range at Colaba is available for practice on all Saturday afternoons in July commencing the 1st proximo from 4 p. m.

2. Town Hall Drills will commence from Tuesday evening the 4th proximo from 6 to 7-15 p. m., all Recruits are requested to attend.

P. W. WILSON, Lieut,
Actg.-Adjt. B. L. H.

## BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR P. R. CADELL.

Bombay, 30th June.

509. Musketry—The Range at Ghat Kopar is available for Class firing parts I and II on Mondays and Tuesdays and Part III on Thursdays until further orders by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

Members intending to go out should notify Head-Quarters the day previous. Arms will be issued on the Range.

510. Leave—The Commanding Officer has been pleased to grant leave of absence to No 6813 Vol R S Sampson, "F" Coy from 28th June 1911 to 27th December 1912.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. B. V. R.

# DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Re. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

## OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

ANSELL—June 19, at Calcutta, the wife of Charles W H Ansell, Bengal Pilot Service, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

KOENIG—ORR—June 14, at Kirkee, by the Revd G Mattew, Frederick Charles Koenig, M I E S, N-W Ry, Lahore, to Margaret Lawson Orr of Poona and Mahableshwar.

[IN MEMORIAM.]

COOPER.—In ever loving memory of my beloved brother, Phirozeshah Hormusji Cooper, who died at Bombay on 30th June, 1910, of septicemia.
Deeply mourned and sadly missed
Never forgotten though gone from us
I invoke a blessing on ye thus
Peace to your spirit wherever it flies
To not as an angel and mix with the skies.

JEHANGIR.

# BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises 6h. 5m. Sun sets 7h. 20m.
English Mail steamer due at 6 a.m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, three shows nightly 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Our Star Attraction : "The Courier of Lyons," a thrilling dramatic story in pictures.

Maxim : "Building a bank must pay, for there's money in it."—Chicago Tribune.

ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Himalaya" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-39 p. m., to-morrow.

REPORTED THEFT.—C. E. Ansell, residing in Colaba Causeway, reports the theft of a bicycle, valued at Rs. 150.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails consisting of specially superscribed correspondence for Singapore, China and Japan per s. s. "Tosa Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 10 a.m. to-morrow.

FATAL BURNS.—On the 26th instant, a Hindu boy, named Damu Nana, aged 4, residing with his parents in Gowalia Tank Road, accidentally upset a lighted kerosene oil lamp, which set fire to his clothes. He sustained severe burns about his body. He died yesterday morning.

MILL-HANDS STRIKE.—About a hundred operatives of the Colaba Land and Mill Company struck work on Wednesday, one of their complaints being that two days' wages were cut for one day's absence. The Agent of the mill went to the operatives, who had collected outside the mill, and promised to enquire into their grievances. The men, thereupon, returned to work.

DEATH OF A WELL-KNOWN KHOJA.—Mr. Ebrahimbhai Mahmadbhai Raiji, J. P. died yesterday at his Malabar Hill residence. The deceased was highly respected by the Ismaili Khoja community of Bombay, being the President of the Ismaili Council. He was Secretary of the Khoja Punjebhai Club while an Orphanage, charitable lodgings for Khojas and a Senatorium at Poona were maintained by him. The deceased has left behind him a widow and three children.

BOMBAY NATIVE GENERAL LIBRARY.—The annual general meeting of the Bombay Native General Library will be held in the Hall of the Framji Cawasji Institute, on Saturday, the 8th July, at 3-30 p.m, (Bombay Time) to transact the following business :—(1) To receive the report of the Managing Committee, and audited accounts for the year 1910; (2) to receive the report of the scrutineers, announcing the result of their scrutiny for the election of a new Managing Committee for the year 1911; (3) to appoint two auditors for the year 1911.

CORONATION MEETING AT TROMBAY.—Coronation Day was observed at Trombay as a day of great rejoicing. The principle function held was a large public meeting in the local school-room which was beautifully decorated, with Mr. J. R. Kharkar, the Sarkarkun, on the chair. Amongst those present were Mr. Regnaud, the Preventive Officer, Dr. F. Rashid of the E. F. Allbless Leper Home, and Mr. Rattanji J. Trombaywalla. Speeches, suitable to the occasion describing the blessings of the British rule, were made by the chairman, the school-master Mr. Govankar. A large sized photo of the King and Queen was garlanded and prayers offered in the local temple as well as in the school-room for the longevity and happiness of their Imperial Majesties. Sweets, atar and pan-supari were distributed amongst the audience and "God save the King" was sung. Three cheers for H. M. the King and three for his gracious consort, brought the proceedings to a close.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel T. W. Bonner, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster commencing at 6-15 p.m., to-day :—

March .....Mussoorie.....L L Hoyle
Overture .....Romantique.....Keler Bela
A Serenade.....An Evening in Toledo .....Schmeling
B Spanish Dance
Selection.....Peggy .....Leslie Stuart
Valse Intermezzo .....Flirtation.....P A Stock
Grand Selection, Faust.....Gounod
An Oriental Scene .....A Dervish Chorus G Sebek
(In the Soudan.)

# AN ARTFUL SUGGESTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—None can deny the fact that no means should be spared that would be calculated to strengthen the feelings of loyalty and affection to the benign British rule and the august person of the English Sovereign to secure peace and contentment throughout the length and breadth of India. The best way to this very desirable end would be to implant these feelings into the young hearts of students who are to form the educated and enlightened portion of the Indian nation in future. About thirty-five thousand students, to say the least, might be studying in the Indian Universities and if these would be made to imbibe such feelings, they would undoubtedly form a valuable and unflinching support to the British administration. This can be easily done by declaring all students who are to appear this year at various University examinations "Pass" without submitting them to the torturing test, on the auspicious occasion of His Majesty's landing on the Indian shores to the boundless joy of his Indian subjects. If this proposal cannot find favour with the University authorities they will do well to lower the percentage of marks for passing.—Yours etc.,

LOYALTY.

Bhavnagar, June 27.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cause. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

# BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

## THIRD CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

### Alleged Forgery.

AT the third sitting of the third Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman and a common jury disposed of the case in which Aderji Hormusji Taraporewalla stood charged with the offence of forgery for cheating one Chhaperia Ramjivan.

Mr. K. B. Divatia appeared for the prosecution; the accused was defended by Mr. R. D. N. Wadia, instructed by Mr. Khurshed F. Nariman.

The prosecution case was that the accused and the complainant were partners in a cycle shop. The accused received Rs. 350 from the complainant. Some time after, the accused represented to the complainant that some one had complained to his superior officer in the Port Trust that he (accused) was doing cycle business. He wished to convince his "saheb" that he was not and he, therefore, asked the accused to sign a document which he represented to the complainant contained the fact that the complainant was the sole proprietor of the cycle shop, whereas it really contained an agreement to 'serve twelve hours a day at twelve annas per day.

After some evidence was recorded, his Lordship asked Mr. Divatia if it was worth while going on with the case. Mr. Divatia said he left it entirely in his Lordship's hands. He could not carry the case any further than he had done.

His Lordship then directed the jury to return a verdict of 'not guilty,' which was done.

The accused was acquitted.

### KIDNAPPING AND ROBBERY.

Ismailkhan Mahomedkhan was then tried before his Lordship and the same jury on charges of kidnapping and robbery.

Mr. M. F. Nicholson, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown ; the accused was undefended.

The charge against the accused, brought by Inspector Cauty was that he, on the 24th March last, kidnapped a child named Tyebally under the age of ten years from the lawful guardianship of his father, caused him fear with a knife and robbed him of four gold buttons valued at about Rs. 30.

The boy, in course of his evidence said he was ten years of age.

The charge of kidnapping was accordingly dropped.

The jury unanimously found the accused guilty of theft and in view of several previous convictions against him. His Lordship sentenced him to seven years' rigorous imprisonment.

### KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION.

Narayan Raghoo (32) and Ganu Pullaji (30) were then tried before the same jury on charges of kidnapping, abduction and abetment thereof.

Mr. Kenneth Kemp, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, conducted the prosecution; the accused were undefended.

The prosecution story was that the first accused, who was the maternal uncle of a girl named Balubai, aged about six years, kidnapped and abducted her from her elder sister Shantibai, on the evening of the 18th April last, on the pretext of giving her sweets, but with a view to get her married to the second accused for Rs. 40. The accused were arrested on the 5th May, and on their houses being searched, several wedding ornaments were found.

Evidence is being led.

# TRICUMDASS MILL MORTGAGE.

## Plaintiff's Evidence.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar recorded at his bungalow the "de bene esse" evidence of the plaintiff in the suit brought by Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal against the Tricumdass Mills in liquidation in respect of Rs. 200,000, in connection with the mortgage of the mills.

The Hon'ble the Advocate-General, instructed by Messrs. Bhaishankar, Kanga and Ghirdharlal, appeared for the plaintiff. Mr. C. H. Setalvad, instructed by Messrs Payne and Coy. was for the defendant Company represented by Mr. R. D. [illegible] liquidator of the mills.

The plaintiff, in course of his evidence, said he knew Dwarkadass Dharamsey, at whose request, he, in 1905, lent Rs. 6,00,000 to the Tricumdass Mills at 7 per cent. on the first mortgage of the then property. In August, 1909, he was in Bombay, staying at Walkeshwar. He had carried on business for many years through his munim as a shroff, commission agent and mill-owner. For a good many years preceding 1909, Jaynarayem H. Dani was his munim. In August, 1909, he was doing business in Bombay through Mr. Dani. He had another munim named Punamchand, who was also the cashier. Early in August 1909, Dwarkadass and Dani came to his bungalow at Walkeshwar. Dwarkadass asked him to advance a further sum of Rs. 500,000 on the security of the mills for the mills. Witness took time to think over the matter. On the 5th August, Dwarkadass came to him in the early morning with Dani's son Valubhdass and said the mills badly wanted Rs. 200,000 and he asked witness to advance the sum on the security of the mills. At witness' request, the munim Dani was brought there. Witness asked Dani what he had to say regarding Dwarkadass' request.

Mr. Setalvad objected to Dani's statement being recorded unless Dani was to be called.

The Advocate-General said as at present Instructed, he was not going to call Dani.

His Lordship over-ruled the objection.

LOAN AGREED TO.

Witness, continuing, said Dwarkadass and Dani had then some conversation between themselves, after which Dani said there was no objection in witness advancing the Rs. 2,00,000. Witness then agreed to advance the money on the security of the Mills. Witness, Dwarkadass and Dani then left home and went to Mr. Bhaishankar's house Mr. Bhaishankar was witness' solicitor. Poonamchand was also at Mr. Bhaishankar's house. Witness said to Mr. Bhaishankar "we have arranged to advance Rs. 5,00,000 more on the security of the mills and Dwarkadass wants Rs. 2,00,000 at once in part payment of the loan." Mr. Bhaishankar asked Dani if he had and objection to lend the amount and Dani said there was no objection to lend the amount on the first mortgage of the mills. Dwarkadass asked Mr. Bhaishankar to draw up a document according to law. Witness then left, and, as arranged, went to Mr. Bhaishankar's office later in the day. Dani, Dwarkadass, Poonamchand and Mr. Bhaishankar were there. A receipt of Rs. 2,00,000 was produced to the witness by Dwarkadass with seal of the company and the signature of agents and the directors. As witness did not understand English, the receipt was examined by Mr. Bhaishankar who said that it was in order and in accordance with the law.

Mr. Setalwad here admitted that the document shown to the witness was the receipt signed by the agents and directors of the company on this occasion. He, however, said that the portion after the agent's signature was not there at the time.

Continuing, witness said that it was then stated that he was to have until the 9th August to make up his mind. If witness chose not to make the advance, he was to have back his Rs. 6,00,000 previously advanced and the Rs. 2,00,000 he was then advancing. He also directed his munim to give a cheque for the amount in favour of the mills. The cheque was given by Dani on the 5th August. He got the mills inspected by Messrs. Greaves, Cotton and Company. A report was made to the witness, who paid Rs. 500 as fee for the inspection. The report was that the mills were worth about Rs. 12,00,000, Witness then instructed his solicitors to write to the mills that he was willing to advance three lakhs more on their executing a second mortgage of the mills.

The Advocate-General called for a letter, dated 9th August. Mr. Setalwad said he did not admit of receiving the letter.

Continuing, witness said he received a letter, dated 10th August, from the Bank of India. Before he got the letter, he had no knowledge of any such resolution as was referred to in that letter having been passed by the Mills Company. Dani never spoke to the witness about it. Witness knew nothing whatever of any interview between Mr. Stringfellow and Dani at Dani's bungalow before or at the time, the Rs. 2,00,000 were advanced. Had witness known of the resolution he would not have advanced the amount. He knew of it only when he received the letter.

As further evidence was to be recorded, the matter was adjourned at this stage.

# ARMS ACT PROSECUTION.

## Sentence Enhanced.

ON the Appelate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Hayward disposed of the reference made by the District Magistrate of Dharwar, Mr. C. W. A. Turner, recommending enhancement of sentence in the case in which Ranchandra Chandappa Kulkarni was convicted by Mr. B. Y. Nerurkar, First Class Magistrate, of illicit possession of guns and ammunition, and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 25 with the alternative of eight days' rigorous imprisonment.

The accused was absent at the hearing before their Lordships.

The facts of this case were that in December last, the accused's house was searched in connection with a theft case and in course of that search, two guns, some gun-powder, three percussion caps and about 18 tolas of shot were found in his house. The accused admitted the finding of the arms and ammunition, but he said that they belonged to his father who was a license-holder. The father died a month before and he did not understand anything about the licenses. He did not know to read and write. He, however, pleaded guilty to the charge and the Magistrate fined him as above-stated.

The District Magistrate, in course of his reference, said that every one in the district knew perfectly well that when a licensee died, it was the duty of his heirs to surrender all arms held under the license. In this case, such a straightforward case was probably not followed, because the accused was perfectly well aware that his father had been in possession of a gun which was not covered by any license. Unfortunately, in the district there were at present only too many unlicensed arms in existence. It was impossible for the police to exercise any adequate control, if the Magistracy inflicted such glaringly inadequate punishment as had been given in this case. He submitted that the sentence in this case was simply absurd.

Their Lordships, on a consideration of the whole case, enhanced the sentence to a fine of Rs. 25 with the alternative of a month's rigorous imprisonment.

# QUESTION OF STAMP DUTY.

## Full Text of Judgment.

The following is the full text of the Full Bench Judgment in the reference made by the Collector of Bombay, with regard to stamp duty on the instrument regarding the Mahomedan Girls' Orphanage:—

The instrument upon which we have to adjudicate was prepared for the purpose of declaring the trusts of certain funds placed in the hands of trustees for the establishment, maintenance and management of a home or homes for poor and destitute female children and waifs of the Mahomedan community in Bombay.

The funds amounting to about three lakhs of rupees came into the hands of the trustees from two sources About one lakh was the result of appeals by Mr. Edwardes, the Commissioner of Police, for funds for a female Mahomedan orphanage. The rest was provided by the executors and trustees of Abdulla Haji Dawood Bowla, to whom a sum of two lakhs was bequeathed by their testator for the establishment and maintenance of such a charitable institution, as the trustees should, in their absolute discretion, think fit.

The question of stamp duty has been argued as relating to two distinct matters which for the purposes of duty may be dealt with separately under Section 5 of Act II of 1899.

Dealing first with the funds resulting from Mr. Edwardes' appeal, we are unable to hold that any previous disposition has been made in writing of any portion of those funds. It is no doubt true that some of the contributions were accompanied by letters from the donors expressing their wishes with regard to the funds contributed, but such letters were not in themselves dispositions. The disposition would be by delivery of a cheque or money passing the sum contributed to Mr. Edwardes.

We hold, therefore, that the instrument before us is an instrument recording by way of declaration of trust, the terms of the disposition of the funds collected by Mr. Edwardes. It is thus a settlement according the definition in Section 2 (24) and is chargeable with duty on Rs. 1,03,200 at the rate of 8 annas per cent.

Turning now to the funds brought in by the [illegible] we hold that the provisions of the will amount to a disposition for a charitable purpose of the two lakhs of rupees, for which the funds in question have accrued. The instrument before us relates not to "free property" (to adopt the expression of the Court in 1902 Irish Reports 138) but to property already held upon a general charitable trust, (see Pocock vs. Attorney-General, 3 Chancery Division, 342). The trustees in appropriating this money to the trusts, declared by the instrument in question, are exercising the power of appointment conferred upon them by the will. The disposition was by the testator by will and not by the trustees by their instrument, (see 21 Bombay 709). The instrument *qua* the Bowla funds is an appointment chargeable with a duty of Rs. 15 under the schedule.

# POLICE COURTS.

## AN AFFRAY.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Dracup, Third Presidency Magistrate. Puncham Devi, Situl Umka, Kalka Chowdhari Luxmon, Situl, Ramdin Ganeshi and Bodi Chetti, six Purdesi shoe-makers, were charged with being members of an unlawful assembly. Inspector Lewis prosecuted, while Mr. R. S. Pandit, Bar-at-law, defended the accused. The story for the prosecution was that the accused belong to the 'Jamat' of Purdesi shoe-makers who mostly reside at Ghas Bazaar near Null Bazaar. On the afternoon of the 24th April last there was a dispute at the 'Jamat.' The result was that a large number of shoe-makers turned out with bamboo sticks and fought amongst themselves. Several of them received severe injuries and were treated at the Sir J. J. Hospital.

These six accused and nine others were then placed before the Magistrate and charged with rioting. Yesterday, the Magistrate considered the evidence against these six accused and after hearing Mr. Pandit, counsel for the defence, then altered the charge to one of affray. The accused thereupon pleaded guilty to that charge and were convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 10 each. The case against nine others was remanded.

## ATTACK ON A BUNGALOW.

AT the Mazagon Police Court, Mr. P. H. Dastur, disposed of a case in which five Hindus named Motiram Gunpatram Dhurandhar, Moreshwer Ganpatrao Dhurandhar, Gajanand Talpade, Shiva, and Mahomed appeared to answer summons issued against them at the instancer of Mr. Krishnarao Narayan Rane, Superintendent, Revenue Department, charging them with mischief, trespass and using abusive language. Mr. Vijaykar, Pleader, appeared for the complainant while Mr. K. F. Nariman, Pleader, defended the accused.

The case for the prosecution was that the first two accused were not on good terms with the complainant on account of some domestic difference, on the 16th instant all the accused assembled in a bungalow near complainant's bungalow and at 11 p. m. they entered the latter and began to abuse the complainant. They then threw stones and mud on the verandah, tried to force an entrance into the bungalow through the front door by kicking against it. On the complainant raising an alarm the neighbours come to his assistance when the accused ran away.

His Worship on the evidence convicted all the accused and characterizing this as a most disgraceful act ordered each of the accused to pay a fine of Rs. 30, with the alternative of two weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

## THEFT OF A COAT.

YESTERDAY, at the Mazagon Police Court, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Chimanlal charged George Carter, a Christian, with stealing a coat, valued at Rs. 3, belonging to one Henry Lester Jones. It appeared from the evidence that the accused, who lived in the same chawl as the complainant, entered the latter's room while he was away, and took away his coat. The accused was subsequently found with the coat on his person. He was convicted and sentenced to one week's rigorous imprisonment.

# HIGH COURT.—JUNE 30.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell.)

For Disposal.

693-10—Ardeshir H D and Co Bai Navivahu widow vs Messrs. Jeawandas and Co Payne and Co.

Long Causes.

1149-10 Ardeshir H D and Co, Runchordas Callianjee and others vs Mathuradas Gordhandas and others, Captain and V, Little and Co.
253-11 Payne and Co, Arab Mahomed bin Hasan Jesti vs Gulabchand Hazarilal and another Jamshedji R P and Co, Daphtary F and D.
442-10 Payne and Co, Abdul Hoosein Russulbhai vs Charanji Lall Natholi Mull, Malvi H M and R
642-07 Tyabji D and Co, R D Sethna vs Lala Jeydayal and others.
406-10 N B Vakil, Sakoobai widow vs Warubai and others, Smetham B and Co.
909-08 Smetham B and Co, Janabai widow vs Sakuba widow and another, Nadirsha and D Dikshit D and S
71-10 Mulla and M, Ratanji Jamshedji Tata vs Jacinto Jas Baretto and others.
781-09 Payne and Co, Jehangir Ardesir Moos and another vs Vijayalal and Co, Motichand and D.
266-10 Mirza M and M, Kalidas Narayendas and Bros vs Kedarnath Budrinath and another Shroff D and D.
586-10 Judah and S, Tar Mahomed Haji Adamji vs The Bombay Persia Steam Navigation Co, Crawford B and Co
656-10 Thakurdas and Co, Messrs F Fischer and Co vs

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The B I S N Co's steamer Itola, 3,401 tons, Captain W W Tucker, arrived here yesterday from Calcutta, June 15 with a cargo of coal.

The City Line steamer City of Paris, 5,903 tons, Captain J Campbell will sail to-day for Marseilles and Liverpool via Karachi with a general cargo and the same bottom cargo.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Wednesday, 28th June, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

### MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

R I M S Northbrook ..B H Jones ..... ....R I Marine
R I M S Mayo...Lt Comdr...G V Forteath...RI Marine
R I M S Palinurus .....Lt W Taylor .....Survey Vessel

### VESSELS IN DOCK.—June 29.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

| Vessel. | Ton. | Capt. | Dest. | Date. | Agents. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A Clan Shaw | 2404 | Hunter | Dunkirk | 5-7 | J Finlay & Co |
| B Delhi | 4784 | Bradshaw | China | 5-7 | P & O S N Co |
| C&R City of York | 4935 | Wilson | Karachi | 2-7 | K Nixon & Co |
| D&E Clan Farquhar | 3759 | Wadge | Genoa | 8-7 | J Finlay & Co |
| F Sofala | 3426 | Bowman | N F | N F | M M & Co |
| G Hooseinee | 993 | D Lorne | Red Sea Ports | 5-7 | B & P S N Co |
| H Budrie | 1613 | Pigot | P Gulf | 3-7 | Arab S N Co |
| K Claveresk | 2441 | Tayler | Antwerp | 10-7 | W & A Graham & Co |
| N Fife | 2494 | Harrison | Philadelphia | 1-7 | T Morrison & Co |
| O Umsinga | 1869 | Robertson | Antwerp | 4-7 | W & A Graham & Co |
| P Rokeby | 2455 | Sheldrake | Liverpool | 1-7 | W & A Graham & Co |
| Q Dorrington Court | 2363 | Wilson | Antwerp | 30-6 | W & A Graham & Co |

VICTORIA DOCK.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 Ariosto | 2760 | Bradley | Karachi | 4-7 | J Finlay & Co |
| 2 Circassia | 4315 | Osborne | Liverpool | 11-7 | W& A Graham & Co |
| 3 Glenstrae | 3654 | McGillivray | Amsterdam | 8-7 | W & A Graham & Co |
| 4 Asama | 2705 | Hume | Dunkirk | 3-7 | T M & Co |
| 5 Clan Graham | 3289 | Elliott | Dunkirk | 3-7 | W & A Graham & Co |
| 6 Lichtenfels | 3623 | Freedon | Hamburg | 1-7 | W & A Graham & Co |
| 7 Kristiania | 1672 | Johnson | Philadelphia | 8-7 | W & A Graham & Co |
| 8 Marquis | 2752 | Carmelich | Trieste | 1-7 | A L S N Co |
| 9 Tosa Maru | 3610 | Satow | Kobe | 1-7 | N Y Kaisha |
| 10&11 City of Paris | 5910 | Campbell | Karachi | 30-6 | K Nixon & Co |
| 12&13 Himalaya | 3705 | Gregor | London | 1-7 | P & O Co |
| 15 Koerber | 3157 | Cosulich | Trieste | 1-7 | A L S N Co |
| Alavi | 2324 | Gray | Marseilles | 8-7 | B & P S N Co |
| Linga | 951 | Rothwell | Karachi | 30-6 | M M & Co H W P D |
| Netravati | 699 | Fakeera | N F | N F | Bo S N Co Ld |
| Ponani | 552 | Fakeera | N F | N F | Bo S N Co Ld |
| Sabarmati | 524 | Ahmed | N F | N F | B S N Co M W D D |
| Salsette | 2391 | Lewellin | Aden | 8-7 | P and O Co |

### ARRIVALS.

| June | Vessel | Commander | From |
|---|---|---|---|
| 29 | Itola | Tucker | Calcutta June 15 |

### DEPARTURES.

| June | Vessel. | Commander. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 29 | Nola | Morrison | P Gulf, &c. |

The steamer City of Paris, Campbell, for Liverpool, via Karachi, obtained her port clearance yesterday.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Palamcotta, for Persian Gulf &c.
" Arabia, for London.

### STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Ellerman Line steamer City of Glasgow, outward bound sailed from Naples on the morning of the 28th instant.

The Societa' Nazionale Di Servizi Marittimi Co's steamer D Baldaino, from Genoa, left Aden on the 29th instant and is expected here on the 4th July evening.

### DAILY EXPORTS.—JUNE 29.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—369 cwts myrabollams, K Kessowji and Co ; 66 bales wool, E Dossa and Co ; 3,120 cwts maize and 1,000 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros ; 89 bales wool, M Balia ; 23 bales wool, E Shewji ; 24 bales wool, The Bombay Co ; 50 bales wool, T Chimandas ; 207 bales wool David Sassoon and Co ; 142 cwts mussoor, D Tejpal ; 62 bales wool, M Ratansi ; 100 bales wool, D Nagji; 95 bales wool, W and A Graham and Co ; 108 bales wool, M Balia ; 30 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co.

Bokeby s—1,720 cwts maize, Ralli Bros.

FOR LONDON.

Himalaya s—36 bales hemp, M Nathoobhoy and Co ; 90 bales skins and hides W and A Graham and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Kristiania s—5,703 cwts myrabollams, K Kessowji and Co ; 1,801 cwts castorseed, L Dreyfus and Co ; 260 bales cotton waste, S M Kirtikar and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Asama s—8,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros ; 2,000 cwts linseed, and 2,000 cwts rapeseed, K Devchand and Co ; 2,000 cwts rapeseed, and 2,000 cwts poppyseed, and 3,500 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros ; 487 cwts rapeseed, D Tejpal; 10,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Claveresk s—8,000 cwts clin seed, K Devchand and Co; 14,000 cwts linseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

Dorington Court s—4,002 cwts castorseed, W M Blythe and Co.

Umsinga s—1,137 cwts linseed, S Cooverji and Co ; 22,000 cwts linseed, and 4,000 cwts gingellyseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR AMSTERDAM.

Glentrae s—100 cwts mustardseed, F F Campbell and Co.

FOR GLASGOW.

Circassia s—5,500 cwts cottonseed, 10,000 cwts wheat and 1,000 cwts mussoor, Ralli Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Koerber s—1,000 cwts gingellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co ; 20 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Circassia s—990 cwts gingellyseed, J Fachiri ; 6,660 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR HULL.

Clan Graham s—6,000 cwts cottonseed, L Dreyfus and Co ; 1,000 cwts castorseed, Volkart Bros ; 2,019 cwts cottonseed, K Kessowji and Co.

Ariosto s—5,000 cwts castorseed, and 4,000 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAVRE.

Asama s—52 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR BARCELONA.

Circassia s—11 bales hemp, Kiddle Reeves and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Clan Farquhar s—1,196 cwts linseed and 1,001 cwts rapeseed, A Blaucheck and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Koerber s—200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Circassia s—102 casks skins, C J Mathews and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Delhi s—50 bales twist the Jawraz Balloo Mills.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Delhi s—200 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha.

FOR OSAKA.

Delhi s—200 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha.

FOR MOJI.

Delhi s—200 bales cotton, H Goculdas and Co ; 203 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha.

FOR KOBE.

Delhi s—91 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading Co ; 550 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.


STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK.
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

| BRAND | Price. Rs. a. p. | |
|---|---|---|
| Snowflake 150 deg. | 6 0 2 | per case. |
| White Rose, 150 deg. | 5 12 2 | do. |
| Chester, 125 deg. | 4 12 2 | do. |
| Devoes Brilliant 125 deg. | 4 8 2 | do. |
| Tiger 125 deg. | 4 8 2 | do. |
| Monkey, 125 deg. | 4 0 2 | do. |
| White Camelia 125 ° (in tins) . | 3 10 0 | per two tins. |
| Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins) .. | 3 10 0 | do. |
| do. 125 deg. (in Bulk) | 3 0 0 | per 8 gallons |
| Camel 125 deg. (in tins) ..... | 3 10 0 | per two tins |

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

"O.T."
A STIMULANT *without* ALCOHOL.
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS AND STORES.

THE REARING OF CHILDREN.
A Lecture delivered BY LT.-COL. COLLIE, I.M.S.
PRICE ANNAS TWO; POSTAGE ½ ANNA.
To be had from the "Bombay Gazette."

WE SEND YOU FREE
A SAMPLE COPY OF
INDUSTRY.
A monthly Journal Handicrafts and Commerce containing useful and practical hints for preparing household necessities, starting of small mechanical industries etc. etc.
New features, including illustrations are added in the second year.
Royal Ed. Rs. 2. People's Ed. Re. 1-3.
For Readers—Interesting Throughout.
For Advertisers—Absolutely sure medium.
Free sample copy and revised Adv. rates.
Please write to the MANAGER,
"INDUSTRY," Shambazar, Calcutta.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.
NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.
CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.
FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.
HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

JOOSUB HAJI JAN MAHOMED & CO.
"CHEAP JACK"
TAILORS
AND
GENERAL OUTFITTERS,
HOSIERS AND HATTERS,
MAJESTIC HOTEL,
Opposite Apollo Hotel,
FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS,
TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.
THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS
Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert;
A CHOICE CUP OF TEA
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
APPLY EARLY TO
CROFT, MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY,
WHOLESALE AGENTS
RETAIL SUPPLIERS :—Messrs. BRANDON & CO., Victoria Terminus, and Messrs. DENISON & CO. Hummum Street, Fort.

BOOKS FOR SALE.
ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.
THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.
BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights
By L. P. Parikh Rs. 6.
LAYS OF THE LAW,
A Selection of Leading Cases.
By W. E. H. Re. 1.
Apply the Bombay Gazette Office.

Orders now registered for supply expected s. s. "HIMALAYA."
JAMES COLEMAN'S LATEST SUCCESS
ENCHORED EVERYWHERE WITHOUT DOUBT
The Song "HIT" of the Season
"GENTLEMEN, THE KING!"
Words by Herbert J. Brandon, Music by James Coleman.
Published in 4 Keys F. G. (D.to.D).
A flat and B flat.
Price Rs. 1-4.
Piano and Music Department.
MARCKS & CO., LTD.
BOMBAY AND POONA.



The Bombay Gazette.
Friday, 30th June, 1911.


## BRITAIN'S COMMERCIAL SUPREMACY.

THE idea that America flicks creation and that England is an effete little nation is gradually being abandoned by our cousins across the water. And the more their commercial men and writers see of Great Britain the more firmly convinced they become that the hour of our country's dissolution is very far distant. The idea perhaps, originated when the child shook itself adrift from parental control and gave itself over to spread-eagleism. It obsessed every American until facilities for visiting the country and returning the next week were introduced. Now, though they may come prepared to be interested, they return marvelling, unable to grasp the true inwardness of England's power and stability, and the fact that there is no sign of decadence. An observant traveller, Mr. James Davenport Whilpley, who is writing a series of "The Trade of the World" papers for the "Century" writes of England's industries in the new number. Americans are inclined to be impatient with English business methods, he says. His people go to London to close up some affair in which Anglo-American capital is interested and expect to return within a week, perhaps, on the return trip of the same steamer as which they came over. Instead of that, days and even weeks go by before people can be seen and things accomplished. When they are concluded the American goes home with tales to tell of how a "bit" of shooting, a week-end, a motor-trip, a horse-race, a cricket or a golf-match, or even a sick horse or dog, delayed his all important negotiations indefinitely. When the first outburst of irritation has subsided, the American relates certain impressions he brought away with him which were "worth while." He is amazed, even awed, as the apparently unlimited amount of real money, actual cash, which is to be had if he has the "open sesame." Then he will admit, if grudgingly, the sound conservatism, the accurate information, the keen analytical power and the firmness of conviction possessed by the men he met and with whom he dealt. He will concede to them a knowledge of the far corners of the earth which brings India, South Africa, the Argentine, in fact, every place where English energy or money has been expended within the familiar ken of the man who may never have been further from London than the sea-shore, and to whom a crossing of the English Channel would be the event of a life-time.

On the other hand, the Britisher does not like American methods and one of them, the head of a firm with enormous capital and doing an extensive business with every country in the world, except America, told Mr. Whelpley the reason. "To tell you the truth," said he, "I am afraid of you Americans. I was in New York some years ago and the memory of that visit is almost a nightmare. To be frank, you Americans terrify me. I am deafened, swept away, I feel utterly helpless in your hands. We are doing very well as it is, here and in other parts of the world, and while I know the United States is probably the greatest field we could enter for business, well we just haven't done it, that's all." The terror among the English of American business methods is common throughout the British Empire and shows no sign of abatement. The industry and commerce of England are declared to be unlike those of any other country. "As a whole it is orderly, in detail it is chaotic." Because no laws restrain or assist. Few trades or trust combinations control the market in any one article. Its advance is like that of a crowd bent upon ons object, but with none but self-imposed discipline, whilst in Germany, the United States, Russia and other countries the industrial and commercial army is directed by master-minds, policed by the Governments, nurtured by special legislation. "In any other country than England, it is possible to grasp an idea of the organisation, but here we have nothing to take hold of except the figures in the aggregate." Yet trade follows British capital and the hundreds of boards of directors which meet in London and who control foreign enterprises financed with British money, are responsible for millions of trade going to England, through their preference for the British bidder or supplies. And Mr. Whelpley finds that while it is true that the foreign bidder is used to keep prices down, the Englishman is true to British industry, if he can be so without too much loss in pocket. By preference he travels on British ships, uses English goods and "maintains an admirable though not always well founded belief in the superiority of all things English."

The American's desire to reduce England to second place will not be realised for very many years to come. That Mr. Whelpley is bound to confess ; and he concludes that if the empire ever does fall to pieces, it will not be in decay, but rather as the proud mother of many children reluctantly witnesses the departure of her sons and daughters into the battle of life, their inheritance one of courage, strength, self-confidence and capacity for self-government, each with a notable share of the gold which has come to the parent purse from all quarters of the globe and upon the investment of which is founded the prosperity and credit of these new nations once upon a time England's dependent colonies. That will be the probable end, but the year will not be within the life-time of our grandchildren. By contrast with the recent rapid development of Germany and the United States, England may now appear to be progressing somewhat slowly, but says Mr. Whelpley, anxious that his countrymen may not be misled by false hopes, it needs but a glance at England's vast figures of foreign trade, encompassing as they do the world-wide field of human endeavour and industry to realise how far off must be the day when any country can hope to pass her by. Summing up his not unappreciative analysis of our country, he feels constrained to admit that "this little island is the commercial heart of the world and the slowing or quickening of its pulses is reflected on the bourses of the nations of the earth. With all the internationalizing of finance which has come about in recent years, England still keeps tight hold upon the purse strings. The London bank-rate is a governing factor from New York to Peking. England has been and still is the great creditor nation ... It is her money which builds the pioneer railroads, opens mines, dams the waters and finances the lesser nations."

THE LOSS OF MASTER-PIECES.

The recent sale of Rembrandt's masterpiece of the "Mill" by the Marquis of Lansdowne to a wealthy American, has once more drawn forcibly the attention of people at Home to the rapidly increasing exodus of our best art treasures across the Atlantic. The competition of America for the possession of masterpieces of art in English hands seems to be irresistible, and the prices her multi-millionaires are enabled by their huge wealth to offer are tempting in the extreme to our present day owners, who seem to care little for national pride that comes of possessing such artistic treasures. One after the other the great masterpieces of foreign as well as also British art are leaving England to decorate the halls or fill the museums which wealthy Americans are vying with one another to have on their own soil. New universities there that have been founded with such profuse munificence, have stimulated the desire to establish art galleries in their convention, and these galleries are being filled mainly at our expense—not indeed at our expense in pounds, shillings and pence, for these are paid us most handsomely. But Englishmen are in the most seductive manner being induced to part with pictures whose loss is really irreparable and England is being depleted of some of its priceless artistic treasures. Our ancestors by their foresight acquired by purchase on the Continent in the course of what used to be called the Grand Tour, their treasures at a time when they were not valued so highly in the lands of their production. By means of loan-exhibitions these masterpieces in private hands have done much to educate the public taste for the fine arts. But such accumulations of generations of noble and refined collectors are being reduced every year, and the time is not far distant when England will be deprived of the proud position, which she occupies still at the present day, of being the greatest existing storehouse of artistic treasures inprivate hands. This will reflect not only on our position among the nations of the world, which is after all a mere matter of sentiment, but also on our national taste for the fine arts and of our public appreciation of them, for as just stated through loan-exhibitions our students have derived great benefit from these private masterpieces and our national artistic standard has considerably risen thereby. No wonder then that public interest should be roused by the steady exodus of not only great pictures but other priceless articles of vertu from the country to America. It is found that art treasures once exported across the Atlantic are generally irrecoverable, chiefly because they are purchased by millionaires and given to their public collections which are of course not to be sold again on any condition. A society has been formed at Home, to check this drain by acquiring funds from the public when some great emergency arises, to save pictures from leaving the country. But it cannot do much, though it acquired the real masterpieces, Holbein's Christina and Velasquez' Venus del Specchio and thus saved them from the clutches of the American. The State must move in a matter of such national importance, and it has been suggested that we should follow the examples of Italy and France, and enact special legislation to put an effective check on such art sales ; and we shall not be surprised if in the near future lovers of art, and the national reputation, succeed in pursuading Parliament to legislate on the matter. At present there is practically a free and unhampered market for these masterpieces, and they can leave the country like goods of a baser description.

POST AND TELEGRAPH HOLIDAYS.

The notification of further holidays for the Post Office is a decidedly retrograde step and one the public has a right to protest against. Yet we find that in reply to the proposals published by the Government of India eight months ago, the remarks which have been received from local Governments, public bodies and private persons, are almost unanimously favourable to the proposals. Modifications have been suggested in some respect, namely, that the additional Post Office holidays should be selected without exception from festivals notified as public holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act. The Government of India are unable to accept this view, observing that, if the extra holidays were confined to days gazetted under the Negotiable Instruments Act, certain important religious festivals which the Government of India consider it particularly desirable that Postal servants should be permitted to celebrate, would have to be omitted from the list. Neither on gazetted holidays nor on religious festivals, is it necessary or desirable that work in Post or Telegraph offices should be stopped or interfered with. It is easy to give Mahomedan, Hindu or any other section of Post or Telegraph servants a holiday on their respective religious festivals without bringing public business to a standstill: and that practice should be resorted to. To Governments, of course, the delay of two or three days may mean nothing, but to the commercial public it means much. We have had several bitter experiences lately in Bombay. King's Birthday and the Coronation Day were cases in point. On the former occasion, business was dislocated by the refusal of the Post Office to receive registered packets and parcels, except something like twenty-four hours before the departure of the mail, and important correspondence received by the Friday's mail could not be replied to by registered letter until a week after receipt. None, but urgent telegraphic messages, could be handled on either day and the Press was put to serious inconvenience and unnecessary additional expense by having to pay double ordinary rates for lengthy telegrams regarding the Coronation proceedings in various parts of the country. The double rates rule on holidays and Sundays is an intolerable infliction and ought at once to be abolished. But to increase the days on which it will be applicable is simply monstrous. Let the employes of both Post and Telegraph Departments have as many holidays as Government likes to give them, but they should be so divided among them that the public shall suffer no inconvenience.

GOVERNMENT AND THE CRAMMER.

In regard to the proposals, which have been laid before them for a new curriculum for the B. A. degree, the Senate of the Bombay University will have before them, when these are next discussed a very sensible letter, which has been addressed by Government to the Registrar, and which has just been published. The proposed changes will, if carried out, reduce the number of compulsory subjects from three to two, dropping the classical language, and making the two compulsory subjects remaining English, with composition, and English history, political and constitutional. Government criticises this selection of subjects on the ground that it tends to fix that great fault in the Indian student training, the learning of text-book matter by rote. Government points out that English and English literature, which unavoidably gives opportunities for cramming of this kind, must be compulsory and therefore in a course which contains only two compulsory subjects, it is of the highest importance that the second should be one, which will exercise the reasoning power of the student, and assist it the training of his intellect. It is not necessary to demonstrate that English history although a very valuable subject of study, gives equal, if not greater opportunities than the other of answering examination papers by undigested text-book matter. No doubt there is a great field for discussion, into which we need not enter here, as to the relative value of the various subjects which might be chosen, but whatever their view of the importance of English history, the Senate must recognise that Government has raised a point which fundamentally affects the value of the recommended course. Government has discussed the matter in the broadest manner, and has made no effort to narrow the issue. It merely asks that full discussion and ample consideration be given to the important points which it has raised, and the very temperate manner in which its suggestions have been expressed, should commend them to the notice of a body, which is not always sympathetic towards Government opinion.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Devanha," with the homeward mails of the 24th instant, arrived at Aden at 1 p.m. yesterday.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Morea," with the outward mails of the 23rd instant, passed Suez at 9 a. m., yesterday.

DURING the week ending June 27th four chests of opium were removed from the Bombay Warehouse, having been purchased by the farmer at Godhra. During the same week 50 chests were imported from Ahmedabad.

SEVERAL big dealers in imported goods at Narainguni in the Dacca District have stopped payment and closed business. Their liabilities are estimated to be about ten lakhs of rupees. The principal creditors are Marwari piece-goods merchants of Calcutta.

SIR ARTHUR REID, CHIEF JUDGE, Lahore Chief Court, has taken one month's leave from 14th July in conjunction with the vacation and will proceed home.

COLONEL RONALDSON CLARK, Civil Surgeon, Lahore, has been deputed temporarily to attend on the Raja of Nahan, Sir Sirdar, who is ill at Mussoorie and whose condition is causing some anxiety.

A DEPUTATION of Civil Assistant Surgeons of the Punjab, has come up to Simla and has waited upon the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals. Colonel Bamber, I. M. S., gave the deputation a patient hearing and promised to inquire into their grievances.

A BENGALI pamphlet, entitled *Goru-o-Hindu Musalman* by Khondkar Ain-ul-Islam, has been forfeited to the State under the Indian Press Act. This book formed the subject of criticism in the Indian Press as creating ill-feeling between Hindus and Mahomadans. The writer of the pamphlet is a Mahomedan.

MUCH satisfaction is expressed in Lisbon over Portugal's improved financial situation. The 3 per cent. external Loan now stands higher than it has done for twenty years, and the agio on gold has fallen from 10 per cent. to 8.

## WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JUNE 9.

### THE QUEEN AT THE DERBY.

IN the Royal box sat the Queen, evidently much interested, wearing a dress of soft orchid-mauve, with a knot of pink carnations in her bodice, and a small hat thickly set with small mauve flowers, from which sprang a white osprey. The Duke of Connaught was by Her Majesty's side and close by was his son Prince Arthur. The Duchess of Connaught's china-blue dress was veiled in black chiffon, and her hat, turned up on one side, had blue feathers. Princess Patrica looked charming as usual, also in blue, the lace of the bodice laid over pale pink, and her hat was massed with pale pastel plumes. Other Royalties were Prince Christian, who never misses a Derby, if he can help it, and his daughter Princess Victoria, in pale grey, with a rather small hat. Lady Minto, who was in waiting on the Queen, looked well in a pale-hued dress with a hat en suite. Others in the Royal box were the Grand Duke Michael and Count Mensdorff. A great many of the overseas representatives were in the boxes, amongst them being General Botha, who was I think, accompanied by his wife. The Indian Princes, too, were a notable group, which included the Maharajah Holkar of Indore.

### RACING FASHIONS.

"Ladies' Day" at Epsom was a great success, both in attendance and weather, for not a cloud was to be seen during the entire day, and the view from the top of the hill was beautiful in the extreme. Naturally, under such circumstances, ladies wore dainty summer finery, all light and gauzy materials being seen on all sides. Blue was once again the reigning colour, and the deeper shades are more popular than the old-fashioned Cambridge and turquoise. Many at the races patronised satin toilettes of such shades as indigo, raven's-wing, and what, for want of a better term, may be described as blackleaf-blue. This shade has evidently come to stay, but it is not a very attractive one. Cherry-red and rose-red found many wearers, and grey, stone colour, drab, biscuit, and pale almond were to be seen on all sides. One noticed, too, delightful examples of satin-faced foulards, always a suitable material for hot summer weather. Broderie Anglaise, usually combined with black satin, found many wearers, and it was noted, too, how exceedingly fashionable were lace dresses worn over cretonne, a strange combination, but undoubtedly very effective. Some very beautiful hats and toques were to be seen, and in nearly every case they were adorned with masses of brilliant coloured flowers, iris, peonies, tulips, and holyhocks being in great demand, and wings of brimstone and almond-yellow also adorned many a black toque. Black straw hats lined with royal blue or claret velvet looked well, and, as ever, the large picture hat entirely surrounded with sweeping ostrich plumes found much favour. Shoes and stockings to match the costume appear to be de rigueur this season, and certainly every other woman presented had one of the enormous tapestry bags adorned with dull gold, silver, or platinum braid. Very long-handled sunshades were carried by quite a number of ladies, and these were to be seen in such vivid shades as geranium-red, apple-green, purple and royal blue, and gold or crystal and enamel handles usually adorned them.

### AFTER THE DERBY

The King always entertains the members of the Jockey Club at dinner the night of the Derby. The Queen honoured the Duchess of Devonshire. A Royal entertainment at Devonshire House, is always a notable event, and this one was as magnificent as any in the past. The Queen, on her arrival, attended by Lady Minto, was received in the entrance-hall by the Duchess of Devonshire and Lord Richard Cavendish, who, in the absence of the Duke at the King's dinner to the members of the Jockey Club, acted as host, and escorted Her Majesty up the wide spiral marble staircase to the great saloon, with its fine painted ceiling and beautiful pictures. The Queen wore a white brocade with some of her magnificent diamonds. Dinner was served in the saloon at a long table exquisitely decorated with Malmaison carnations in very high gold epergnes, and all the beautiful old family plate was in evidence. Twenty-eight guests had the honour of being invited to meet the Queen. Her Majesty did not remain for the dance which followed, which was a grand affair. I cannot tell you how beautifully everything was arranged, for in addition to the suites of rooms thrown open, a great marquee was erected on the garden side, and reached by a temporary staircase, so as to avoid any block. This was used as a supper-room, and artistically draped with yellow and white silk. The twelve round supper-tables were illuminated in a new and charming manner. From the centre of each rose a bamboo palm-tree hung with crimson or rose-coloured electric lamps—half with one and half with the other—the stems of the plants being decorated with red or pink roses, according to the shade of the lamps. You can imagine what a fairy-like effect those softly brilliant magic trees presented. Beyond the supper-room was a lounge leading into the garden, and this was prettily illuminated by arches of coloured lights, and a great gleaming electric star lay in the midst of the lawn. The thunderstorm at the end of the afternoon had played havoc with the out-door arrangements, I was told, but fortunately there was time to put matters to rights.

### LONDON.

The weather gets warmer and warmer and each day and each week is, if possible, more crowded with engagements than the last. It is no exaggeration to say that in London, we are hard at work from early morn to dewy eve. It is really wonderful what flesh and blood will do for the sake of excitement. On account of the great heat, the markets are flooded with strawberries, and if the drought should continue another week, the bulk of the strawberries will be exhausted before the Coronation festival. A costermonger with a grim sense of humour was heard to remark "Them berries is like us, Bill, they want a drink bad, and cawn't git it." This delightful weather which is so enjoyable to holiday makers, is causing much distress to farmers and cultivators.

### CORONATION DAY.

The London papers are full of advice to the public, as to the best way of getting about on June 22 and 23. A friend of mine has taken seats or a stand for which she has paid £10 each; she has to be in her seat at 7 a. m., the procession will have repassed by four so for that length of time they will have to sit in one position. A caterer has undertaken to feed them, but how that is to be managed, I do not know, as all the streets are practically closed to pedestrians from an early hour. As the troops will take up their positions at a quarter-past seven in the morning, ticketholders are strongly advised to reach their seats before that time, as if they arrive later the dense crowd on the footways may bar their access. Foot passengers with tickets for houses near or stands may pass between the lines of military and police, if practicable, on the route in the Mall up to eight a. m.

### WEALTHY BABIES.

American society read with approval to-day the announcement in the fashion columns that "where Mr. and Mrs. Edward Maclean will go this summer has not been decided, but wherever they go they have determined that Baby Maclean shall accompany them." Mr. and Mrs. Maclean are among the most popular young couples in Washington, and Baby, by reason of his inheritances, is probably the world's richest infant. He is usually called "the hundred million-dollar baby," and will actually inherit about £15,000,000. Now and then the Sunday newspapers here describe his golden cradle and "diamond encrusted togs," but in fact the youngster, except for a big staff of personal attendants, fares much the same as other wealthy babies, neither better nor worse. Owing to the prodigious wealth of their infant, Mr. and Mrs. Maclean are obliged to submit to the ordeal of the publication of their photographs in the public Press here whenever a crisis arrives in the child's life, such as vaccination, the first tooth, or measles. As regards publicity, Baby Maclean is hotly pressed in the race to-day by Baby Randolph Hopkins, heir to £1,000,000, and known here as the "five-million-dollar baby." Although only fifty-eight days old, "Young Hoppy," as he is called, has already acquired a national reputation. His father, an Atlanta millionaire, announced that he had just completed legal arrangements to make his son the owner, so far as possible, of a brand-new mansion in Fifth-avenue, the New York edition of your Park-lane. According to the same chroniclers, from which I quote, the new house will boast a wired-in roof, on which there will be many small animals and birds likely to amuse the child until he is seven or eight years of age. On the roof there will also be an open-air nursery with all the accessories of a German kindergarten, including a sand-heap.

### THE BLENHEIM BALL.

The great ball given by the Duke of Marlborough at Blenheim Palace Whit Monday night, and yesterday morning is not likely to be forgotten by those who were present at it, the brilliancy of the surroundings, the variety and splendour of the dresses and jewels, and the uniforms worn by certainly two-thirds of the men present completing an ensemble which has rarely been surpassed. King Manuel was in frock dress, with the Order of the Garter and other decorations. His host appeared as Colonel of the Oxford Yeomanry, with ribbon and Order of the Garter. The Duke of Wellington was in Grenadier Guards' uniform, and he, too, wore the insignia of the premier order of chivalry. Lady Lilian Grenfell, who acted as hostess for her brother, the Duke of Marlborough, had a very charming gown of white satin, with a tunic of emerald green chiffon, and in her hair she wore a diamond ornament. Lady [illegible] was in a ball gown of [illegible] satin and chiffon, with diamond [illegible] Duchess of Wellington was [illegible] with some beautiful jewels [illegible] her throat, while in her hair [illegible] The Marchioness Camden looked [illegible] in white satin, with a lovely tiara of [illegible] she was included in the procession to [illegible] Countess of Carnarvon was in white [illegible] diamond tiara, a magnificent necklace of [illegible] and a large number of pear-shaped pearls [illegible] and silver were worn by the Countess of [illegible] borough, and she, too, had a diamond [illegible] necklace. Lady Sarah Wilson wore a very [illegible] toilette of black and gold brocade, with long [illegible] wing sleeves of blue chiffon, and she had a [illegible] diamond tiara and necklace. Lady Beatrice [illegible] Carew was greatly admired in a gown of [illegible] sapphire-blue satin charmeuse, with deep [illegible] gold embroideries, a pointed diamond [illegible] ment, and a necklace of pearls.

### ROYAL GIFTS.

In my next letter I will tell you of the [illegible] of Miss Millicent James, eldest daughter of [illegible] William James, C.V.O., of West [illegible] Chichester, with Mr. Henry Ralph [illegible] Howard, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Howard, of Hampton Lodge, Surrey, which will take place at St. George's, Hanover Square, and attract much social interest. To-day I will give some list of the presents. The King and Queen sent the bride a large, oblong, [illegible] peridot, set with diamonds in [illegible] with a hanging floral wreath of [illegible] stones below, from which depend three [illegible] shaped pearls. It is accompanied by [illegible] Queen's writing, "With best wishes from [illegible] and Queen, May, 1911," and [illegible] Majesties combined monogram and [illegible] rial crown. Queen Alexandra [illegible] and very fine deep-coloured [illegible] rounded with similar stones, the [illegible] the smaller by a [illegible] of diamo[illegible] from a platinum chain. This is [illegible] few lines of autographed good [illegible] Majesty. The King and Queen of Spain [illegible] is a beautifully hand-painted old fan of mother o' pearl and gold. The King and Queen of Norway have sent a beautiful salt service in pale and dark blue enamel. The Duke and Duchess of Connaught, with an autographed card of good wishes, have given the bride a large silver bread-basket with a pierced border. Princess Victoria's gift is three enamel bar brooches, each in a different pale colour and each set with a single pearl. Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein has sent, with an autograph letter conveying good wishes an antique silver box, and Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein's gift is an old silver double-lidded box.

### GREEK WOMEN.

The first of two lectures on "Types of Greek Women" was delivered by Mr. W. L. Courtney, on Saturday afternoon, at the Royal Institution. The lecturer adverted to the singular fact that the earlier women painted by Homer possessed a far larger amount of liberty and independence than was the lot of those in the historic age. Indeed, it might be affirmed that the rise and progress of Greek civilisation was contemporary with a progressive decline in the status of women. The married loves of Hector and Andromache, the constancy of Penelope, the youthful charm of Nausicaa princess of the Phœnicans, revealed conditions of society in which the women moved as the equal of the man, with frank comradeship and complete emancipation. Even Helen, the destroyer of Troy, had no hardships to endure among those to whom she brought ruin. But the historic period brought with it disabilities for women. The Athenian wife and mother was of the nature of a chattel, kept in the background, and often bound to excute almost menial tasks. The critisims passed on Sappho and the Æolian poetesses together with the ambiguous position of Aspasia in the time of Pericles, proved that the average Athenian in the fifth century B. C. thoroughly accepted the dictum that the less a woman is talked about the better does she perform her duty in the State. The greater part of the first lecture was occupied with the so-called mythical period before and during the Homeric age. The earliest Greek civilisation, only recently revealed by the labours of Dr. Evans and other scholars, was that called Ægean, at least two thousand years before the Christian Era. Its headquarters was the island of Crete, under the Minoan supremacy, and it was based on a great maritime dominion. The lecturer proceeded to portray in broad outlines the lives and occupations of the Cretan ladies, who, instead of being clad in what we now know as the Greek costume, were dressed more like Parisians of the nineteenth century. They were exceedingly decolletees, pinched in their waists, wore petticoats, had high heels on their shoes, and hats which might conceivably have come out of the Rue de la Paix. There was even the suspicion of a "jupe-culotte" in one of the frescoes. Descriptions of the Homeric women—Andromache, Hecuba, Penelope, Helen, and Nausicaa—brought the lecture to a close.

## LIQUOR TRADE IN BOMBAY.

### Abolition of Shops.

A PRESS NOTE has been issued by the Bombay Government to the following effect :—Since April 1 last, nine country liquor shops, four foreign liquor shops and one refreshment room have been abolished in Bombay. A second refreshment room known as the Fitzgerald Bar was eventually allowed to continue as the Collector felt satisfied that it supplied a legitimate demand in this locality and its abolition might have resulted in the establishment, of a Club where liquor could

## DEBATE ON THE VETO BILL

### AMENDMENT PASSED BY THE LORDS.

### In Expectation of Extreme Measures.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 28.

While nothing definite is known as to the intentions of either the Government or the Opposition, the belief is widely held on both sides that there will neither be the creation of peers nor a general election. The course it is thought, will not press matters to extremes and eliciting an unequivocal threat from the Opposition. Then they will pass the Bill unamended, yielding under protest to *force majeure*.

The House of Lords to-day resumed the debate on the Parliament Bill.

Lord Cromer moved an amendment, providing that a committee of seven, chosen from the members of each House, should determine whether any measure was purely financial, instead of such decision being left to the Speaker.

Lord Morley said nothing would induce the Government to accept the amendment. The Government would give the Lords larger powers than they now possessed.

LONDON, JUNE 29.

Lord Lansdowne supported Lord Cromer's amendment and said it was impossible for the Speaker to be absolutely impartial between the two Houses. A joint committee was most important, because it would establish more intimate contact between the Lords and the Commons.

Lord Loreburn said the proposal was a serious invasion of the liberties of the House of Commons and its ancient usages with regard to finance bills than anything yet proposed.

Lord Cromer's amendment was adopted by 131 votes to 44.

Referring to Lord Lansdowne's amendment, providing for the submission to the electors of any measures affecting the existence of the Crown or the Protestant succession, any measures to establish national Parliaments or measures, raising an issue of great gravity on which a joint committee of the two Houses considers that the judgment of the country has not been sufficiently ascertained, Lord Morley said that if it was maintained in its present form all possibility of an agreement between the two sides would vanish.

## THE SEAMEN'S STRIKE.

### Some Increase of Wages Recommended.

### DISORDERS AT HULL.

LONDON, JUNE 28.

A conference of a hundred shipowners of the United Kingdom has decided that a moderate increase in wages might be given in certain ports, in view of present trade conditions, and has recommended the Shipowners Association to fix a standard rate of wages for the respective districts.

The conference further advised the Shipping Federation to extend its functions in order to cover wages disputes.

It also unanimously decided to oppose the demands for recognition of the Sailors' and Firemen's Union.

The dockers have struck at Amsterdam, where large detachments of German seamen were being imported to replace the striking seamen.

LONDON, JUNE 29.

The Hull strikers, yesterday, failing in their attempt to induce the employes of Messrs. Reckitts and Co., the starch firm, to come out, smashed the windows of the mill. The police charged the crowd with their batons, and dispersed them.

Mr. Askwith, of the Board of Trade, has arrived in Hull, and will try to effect a conciliation.

The National Transport Workers' Federation at a meeting in London yesterday, resolved that unless the shipping dispute is ended by July 1st, they will take drastic action in the cases of the firms refusing settlement.

## THE PEACE MOVEMENT.

### Anglo-American Treaty almost Complete.

WASHINGTON, JUNE 29.

After a conference between President Taft and Mr. Bryce, the British Ambassador to the United States, it was announced that the Anglo-American Arbitration Treaty was practically complete.

## IMPERIAL LEGISLATORS.

### Exchange of Information Arranged.

LONDON, JUNE 29.

At a conference in the House of Commons yesterday, between a Lords and Commons Committee and the Dominion legislators, it was resolved to form a non-party organisation, having a branch in each Dominion, with a view to the exchange of information and the closer intercourse between the legislators of the Empire.

A draft scheme was approved, and referred to a sub-committee to consider details.

THE Hungarian journal, the *Pesti Naplo*, publishes an article in which the exaggerated rumours about the health and condition of the Emperor Francis Joseph, are discussed and are declared to be malicious, while the reports of the approaching establishment of a Regency are stigmatised as incredible.

## CORONATION AFTERMATH.

### Thanksgiving Service at St. Paul's.

### ROYAL DINNER AT GUILDHALL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON JUNE 29.

The King and Queen attended a thanksgiving service at St. Paul's, to-day, and then paid their Coronation visit to the Guildhall to receive the hospitality of the City Coronation. The weather was sunny, and great crowds assembled along the route, which as similar to that of the Royal progress, the day, after the Coronation.

Amid the booming of guns, and cheers of the populace, the procession left Buckingham Palace. It consisted of the Sovereign's escort, three carriages, containing the Lords and Ladies in Waiting, the King's Aides-de-Camp, Indian Orderlies, and then the state landau drawn by six bay horses. In it were the King in Admiral's uniform, the Queen and Princess Mary, in white, and the Prince of Wales, in the uniform of a naval cadet. Lord Kitchener rode behind, while the Life Guards brought up the rear.

The procession was received with continuous enthusiasm along the Mall, the Strand, Fleet Street to St. Paul's.

After a brief service in the Cathedral, their Majesties proceeded to the Guildhall. Floral decorations of the latter were superb. The Banqueting Hall was a mass of red and white roses.

Outside the Guildhall special accommodation had been provided for a number of poor people, so that they might enjoy the finest possible view of the arrival.

The Lord Mayor and the Corporation received the King and Queen at the door of the Guildhall, where a procession was formed and a stately entrance made into the dining chamber.

A brilliant gathering of guests sat down, numbering over seven hundred, and including almost every member of the British Royal family; in prominent positions around the historic hall were the Prime Ministers of the Overseas Dominions and other delegates to the Imperial Conference. Mr. Asquith was present, together with the full representation of both the Houses of Parliament, both the Opposition and Ministerialists; in addition there were foreign Ambassadors, Ministers, great officers of state, judges, representatives of the services and of the professional and commercial communities connected with the city.

Only three toasts were given, "The King," "The Queen and Royal Family," and the "Lord Mayor and the Corporation." They were received with acclamation; there were no speeches.

The return journey was made through Moorgate Street, Islington, Oxford Street Marble Arch. The North Londoners gave their Majesties a stirring welcome. In open carriages after the procession were General and Mrs. Botha, Mr. and Mrs. Fisher, and Sir Wilfred Laurier. They were loudly cheered.

## PORTUGUESE TROUBLE.

### Big Tramway Strike in Oporto.

LISBON, JUNE 29.

The big tramway strike which has broken out in Oporto is inducing the Government to take special measures in view of simultaneous political agitation. The Government has ordered considerable military display in North Portugal, and has called up the reserves of last three years.

## CRICKET IN ENGLAND.

### Indians Lose in a Low-Scoring Match.

LONDON, JUNE 28.

There was rain on Monday at Stoke where a match against the Indian cricketers should have started, and the match commenced on Tuesday.

The Indians batted first and compiled 74, Barnes taking five wickets for 14 runs. Staffordshire replied with 77. On going in again, the Indians scored 57, Barnes this time capturing nine of their wickets for fifteen runs.

Staffordshire then knocked off the 55 runs necessary to win, for the loss of five wickets.

Kent beat Notts at Dover, by 153 runs.

Hampshire beat Derbyshire at Derby, by five wickets.

Cambridge University beat Mr. Leveson-Gower's XI by 71 runs.

Lancashire beat Northants by nine wickets at Liverpool.

## GOLF.

### Open Championship.

LONDON, JUNE 28.

The leaders in the second round of the Open Golf Championship up to the present are: Duncan with a score of 144, and Vardon with 148.

## HOME RACING.

### Prince of Wales' Stakes.

LONDON, JUNE 29.

The result of the Prince of Wales' Stakes is as follows:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Swynford | 1 |
| Lemberg | 2 |
| King William | 3 |

Five ran.

Betting at the start—3 to 1 against Swynford, 6 to 4 on Lemberg; 9 to 2 against King William.

Won by one and a half lengths, with one length between the second and third.

Cardinal Beaufort did not run.

## DECLARATION OF LONDON.

### Commons' Debate on the Naval Prize Bill.

### OPINION OF NAVAL EXPERTS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 28.

Moving the second reading of the Naval Prize Bill in the House of Commons to-day, Mr. McKinnon Wood, the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, dwelt on the support the Overseas Premiers had given to the Declaration of London.

Mr. McKinnon Wood stated that General Botha viewed the matter from the South African stand-point. He pointed out how these agreements would improve South Africa's position in the event of war, especially the abandonment of the doctrine of the continuous voyage. The agreement removed uncertainties, from which British commerce was the worst sufferer and did not in any way weaken our naval efficiency as a belligerent, either as regards blockade or otherwise. It did not create any dangers that did not exist now, and lessened existing risks. If they refused to ratify the agreement, they risked having food declared absolute contraband. The Declaration was not to be regarded as a substitute for the Navy. They must still depend on a strong Navy for their safety.

Sir Robert Finlay said that the constitution of the Prize Court, on which Britain had only one member out of fifteen, while the United States and Japan nominated seven, was outrageous. The Government had completely surrendered British principles on the questions of contraband and destruction of neutral vessels, though they had the support of America and Japan. The ratification of the Declaration would be a national calamity.

LONDON, JUNE 29.

Mr. McKenna replying to Opposition criticisms of the Declaration of London and the demand for the views of the Admiralty experts, said there were at least four directors in the Naval Intelligence Department, and also the Sea-Lords, Lord Fisher and Admiral Sir A. K. Wilson, who favoured the Declaration. The subject, continued Mr. McKenna, was so technical that the opinion of the average naval officer, who had not specially studied it, was not worth any more than that of the man in the street. Mr. McKenna, at some length, rebutted the arguments of Sir R. Finlay and said that nineteen-twentieths of the Opposition to the Declaration was based on a misapprehension of its contents. So long as the Navy was adequately maintained, we had nothing to fear from the destruction of our food supplies.

The house then adjourned.

## OVERSEAS' PREMIERS AT WINDSOR.

LONDON, JUNE 29.

The Overseas' Premiers and Parliamentary delegates, with their ladies, yesterday, visited Windsor Castle at the invitation of King George. They were shown over the grounds and Castle by Lord Esher, and later took tea in the Orangery.

## NEW BRITISH POSTAGE STAMPS.

LONDON, JUNE 28.

During question time in the House of Commons to-day, Sir Herbert Samuel, the Postmaster-General, said he was disappointed that the new postage stamps were not more successful. He hoped there would be an improvement in the printing, when the new contractors were more experienced and not so pressed.

## HONOUR FOR MAHARAJA SCINDIA.

LONDON, JUNE 28.

The Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior is among the distinguished recipients of honorary degrees conferred by the Oxford University. Lord Curzon presided at the ceremony.

## MURDER OF BOHRI'S WHITE WIFE.

### Accused Committed to Sessions.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JUNE 29.

The four accused who were undergoing trial for murdering the Australian woman, wife of Dost Mahomed, a Bohri, has been committed by the Sub-divisional Magistrate of Montogomery to the Sessions Court, Karachi.

## DACCA SHOOTING CASE.

### Commission of Enquiry.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 29.

In consequence of the remarks made by Justices Woodroffe and Carnduff in disposing of the Dacca Inspector Shooting Case it is understood a commission is holding enquiry into the alleged tampering with and antedating the first information report and station diaries in that case. The Commissioner of Dacca Division and the Inspector-General of Police, Eastern Bengal, are among the members of the Commission.

## BURNING A WIFE TO DEATH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE JUNE, 29.

The *Punjabee* reports a shocking case at Hardwar in which one Shamoo Mall of Lahore who traded at Hardwar as a cloth merchant is alleged to have wilfully set fire to his wife's clothes while the latter was asleep, causing her death.

The man is in police custody,

## THE MURDER OF MR. ASHE.

### Accused Brought from Calcutta.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 29.

The Calcutta mail train yesterday morning brought to Madras from Howrah, a young Hindu man named Arunacheilum Pillai, who is alleged to be one of conspirators connected with the murder of Mr. Ashe, under an escort of three constables of the Calcutta Armed Police. Besides being handcuffed, the waist of the accused was tied with a cotton rope. The accused is 19 years old, and was a student of the Church Missionary Society's school at Tinnevelly. He speaks English fluently. He did not take train to Calcutta from Madras, but travelled by a different route from Tinnevelly. From the Central Station, Madras, the accused was escorted by Calcutta Armed Police to his place of confinement.

ALLEGED ACCOMPLICE IDENTIFIED.

TINNEVELLY, JUNE 29.

The police have now almost closed the investigation in connection with the murder of Mr. Ashe and a charge-sheet will soon be filed against the alleged accomplice of the assassin, Shankara Krishna Iyer. The latter has now been amply proved to have been in the company of the assassin in Tinnevelly prior to the murder. In addition to being indentified by the sons of the station-master of Maniyachi, as being the person who was seen running away immediately after the murder, Shankara Krishna Iyer has been further identified by the Accountant of T. V. S. S. Bank, Tinnevelly, as having been in company with the assassin and Muthusamy Iyer.

Information has been received here of a fresh arrest by the Shencottah police, but it is reported that the man took poison and had to be removed to hospital, where he lies in a precarious state.

ARRESTED BRAHMIN TAKES POISON.

MADRAS JUNE, 29.

The man arrested at Shencottah was a Brahmin named Dhurmarajah Iyer. He was arrested by the Shencottah Police and took poison. Mr. Johnson, Assistant Superintendent of Police, left Tinnevelly for Shencottah this morning to enquire into the matter.

## VICEROY AND SIMLA VOLUNTEERS.

### An Invitation Declined.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 29.

The Adjutant of the Simla Volunteer Rifles has received from the Military Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy, in reply to the Corps' invitation to the Jubilee Ball, the following message:—"While duly appreciating the Simla Volunteer Rifles' most kind invitation to their annual ball, His Excellency asks me to say that he would much prefer to associate himself with the Corps of which he has the honour to be Honorary Colonel, when they are at work, his own inclinations running much to soldiering and little to balls, which latter he finds an effort on the top of his pressure of work. I feel sure the Corps will appreciate His Excellency's sentiments, and, while not feeling hurt if he refuses their hospitality, will give him an opportunity of seeing their prowess in the field."

## FIRE IN SWEETMEAT SHOP.

### Engineer Falls in Cauldron "Rasagullas."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 29.

A fire occurred this morning in a sweetmeat store in Bow Bazar Street, originating in the bakery where some dry wood were placed near the oven which got ablaze. The Fire Brigade attended and during the operations, Engineer Fredericks fell through the flooring from the upper story into a cauldron containing "Rasagullas" (famous Bengalee sweetmeat). Fortunately the cauldron was not hot, and Mr. Fredericks escaped with only a few bruises. The building was gutted, but as it was a kutcha one, the damage was not extensive.

## MOSLEMS OF LUCKNOW.

### A Mixture of Resolutions.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, JUNE 29.

At a meeting of the leading Musulmans of Lucknow with the Raja of Mahmudabad in the chair, resolutions were passed congratulating the King Emperor upon his Coronation, expressing great sorrow at the murders of Mr. Ashe and Sub-Inspector Roy of Mymensingh and, inter alia, expressing the conviction that the representation of Musalmans on Municipal and District Boards will not be effective until they have an equal number of seats to those allotted to their Hindu brethren.

## PLAGUE AT DELHI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 29.

Although the mortality from plague is greatly diminished at Delhi, the district continues to be declared a plague-infected area. The surrounding districts of Hissar, Rohtak, Gurjaon, Karnal, and Umballa are also plague-infected among other districts in the Punjab parts of which are suffering from the plague, Kangra, Hoshiarpore, Jullunder, Ludhiana, Ferozepore, Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspore, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Gujarat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock, Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang and Maltan and the Native States except Bhawalpur and the hill States of Simla continue to be declared plague-infected areas.

## MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 29.

The grant of "combined leave" under military rules has been extended to departmental officers and departmental warrant officers of the Indian Unattached List and to the members of the Assistant Surgeon branch of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department, subject to the total period of such leave not exceeding eight months and that the grant thereof shall not give any claim to free passages to and from the United Kingdom.

The prohibition against coaching in part 3, standard test of the annual musketry course for Volunteers prescribed in Chief of General Staff's Memorandum No. 46-10 dated April 22 is cancelled,

## GAUHAR JAN IN COURT.

### Strange Story of a Dancing Girl.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 29.

Mr. Justice Stephen is engaged in hearing an interesting case in which Shaik Bhaghe is plaintiff and Gauhar Jan, a well known dancing girl, is defendant. This is a suit to recover the estate of Malka Jan who was also a dancing girl of this city. The plaintiff's case is that he is the son of Malka Jan and thus is entitled to the whole estate. In opening the case the plaintiff's counsel said that the history of the case really began many years ago in Azamgarh District in the United Provinces with a rustic maiden named Rukmania and an indigo planter named Mr. Hardy. The girl was beautiful and the planter was lonely. They formed an union and two girls were born, Beckie and Bella. Beckie was subsequently known as Mulka Jan. She became a Mahomedan and married a Mahomedan.

The defence case is that Mulka Jan was an English woman and married an Englishman named Mr. Robert William Yeord. Their daughter, Gauhar Jan, was baptised in the Methodist Church at Allahabad in 1875. Shortly after the birth of the defendant, Gauhar Jan, Mr. Yeord took divorce proceedings against Malka Jan and obtained a decree in Allahabad. Gauhar Jan was made over to her mother who came to Calcutta in 1883. Defendant's case is that the plaintiff was a servant in the family. The case is proceeding.

## ALLEGED FALSE INFORMATION.

### Charge against a Bengali.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA JUNE, 29.

The Magistrate of Sealdah yesterday passed orders in a judicial enquiry, in which one Satish Chunder Bose was called upon to show cause why he should not be prosecuted for giving false information to the police. The accused had sent a letter to the officer-in-charge of the Railway Police Station at Chitpore, in which he alleged that Babu Sarat Chunder Bannerjee, Chief Clerk in the Goods Superintendent's Office at Chitpore, had misappropriated certain railway properties and that he had taken bribes from persons to procure for them appointments on the railway. The first charge was investigated by the police and was returned as absolutely false and the enquiring officer recommended the prosecution of the accused. Satish Chunder Bose was accordingly prosecuted. Some witnesses who are in the railway service deposed to having made payments to Sarat Babu for securing for them appointments on the railway. One witness appears to have been a tout in many of the transactions. The Magistrate discharged the rule.

## KARACHI WATER WORKS EXTENSION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JUNE 29.

The Government of India have sanctioned the floating by the Karachi Municipality of the balance of a loan of eight lakhs, ten thousand rupees for the extension of water-works. The Managing Committee of the Municipality accordingly resolved to receive tenders not later than 2 p. m. on Tuesday, August 29th at the Municipal Office.

## MOSLEM LADY MATRICULATES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE JUNE 29.

With reference to the statement in the *C. and M. Gazette* that for the first time a Mahomedan girl passed the Punjab University Matriculation, it is pointed out that two Mahomedan girls previous to this passed the same examination.

## A YOUNG CHIEF'S GRATITUDE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JUNE 29.

At the Garden party given at Fort Monro, a hill station in the Multan Division, by Sirdar Jamal Khan, the Chief of the Reghari Clan, in commemoration of his completion of education at the Aitchison Chiefs' College, the young Sardar expressed to Col. Egerton, Commissioner of Multan, his sense of gratitude to the British Government for the education and fatherly protection he received while left an orphan at three years of age.

## RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 29.

Sanction has been accorded to the provision, during the year 1911-12, of 44 additional broad-gauge coaching vehicles of sorts for the South Indian Railway.

Sanction has been accorded to the provision by the Burma Railway of 53 large ballast wagons during 1911-12 which are required for the Pegu-Moulmein Extension.

Mr. H. B. Rose, Assistant Signal Engineer, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as Senior Assistant Signal Engineer, North Western and Oudh and Rohilkhand Railways, vice Mr. F. E. Cole on special duty from the 26th March, 1911, and until further orders.

## AEROPLANIST'S VISIT TO RANGOON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JUNE 29.

Mr. G. P. Kuller, the accomplished airman who has been giving exhibition in Sumatra and Java, proposes to give flights on the 16th, 17th, and 18th July, if necessary a guarantee of a sum of Rs. 10,000 can be found. The Advance Agent has arrived here and there is a good prospect of the money being promised. The terms of the agreement is understood to be that all collections from the spectators, to go to the guarantors.

SENATOR NEIDHARDT, who has been entrusted with the task of investigating various allegations of widespread official bribery and corruption, has ordered judicial proceedings to be taken against five Russian State Railway engineers, two other engineers, twenty railway administration officials and seven members of the Municipality of St. Petersburg, including M. Unkovski, the President of the Municipal Council, on a charge of abuse of their official position.

## ROYAL VISIT TO BOMBAY.

### General Idea of the Decorations.

MR. P. R. CADELL, the General Secretary of the Royal Visit Fund, has issued the following note, describing the action which is being taken for the objects, for which the Fund is being raised.

Subscriptions are being raised for the following objects:

(1) Decoration of the route along which Their Majesties will proceed.

(2) A display of fireworks to celebrate Their Majesties' stay in Bombay.

(3) The erection of stands along the route, for the accommodation of school children, and also possibly for the convenience of the public, on payment, at places where stands would enable a larger number of persons to view their Majesties.

(4) The entertainment of the children, and the presentation to them of some souvenir of the occasion.

(5) The contribution of Rs. 25,000 towards the guarantee Fund of the Old Bombay or Fancy Fair.

(6) The devotion of all money over and above the expenses involved to some permanent object of public welfare.

As regards decorations, the Committee have placed a large order for the purchase of decorative materials with a buyer in London. It is hoped thereby to obtain as large an amount as possible of decorations, similar to those which have proved successful in London. The details of decorations cannot be fixed until the results of the purchases are known. But the outline idea is to have a series of arches connected by bamboo or wooden pillars in accordance with the architectural details of the arches. With ropes and festoons of artificial flowers and other decorative ornamentation. These will be erected principally in the broader streets, such streets as Kalbadevi and Girgaum Road being considered sufficiently picturesque, with the aid of private decoration, without the assistance of arches.

The Decoration Committee will be glad to receive suggestions and designs for arches, and these will be paid for when adopted, if so desired.

The Indian Chiefs, connected with the Bombay Presidency, have been invited to erect arches representative of their States, and several have already expressed their willingness to do so.

As regards the decoration of private buildings, the Committee desire that this should be left as much as possible to the taste of the owners or occupiers of the buildings. But they are anxious that fine homogeneous blocks of buildings, such as for example that from the National Bank to Messrs. Treachers' premises, should be treated in as consistent and harmonious a manner as possible. They would suggest that the colours used should either be the British colours of red, white, and blue in combination, or such colours as saffron, green, light blue, and purple which are associated with various Indian communities. They suggest that schemes of coloured cloth are more effective than a mere display of flags.

ADVICE FROM THE COMMITTEE.

The Committee, which includes architectural experts, will be glad to make suggestions for the decoration of any buildings or set of buildings if they are furnished with drawings or photographs showing the frontage and elevation of the buildings.

The Committee do not desire to undertake the decoration of private buildings themselves, but will do so, if requested, charging a rate equal only to the cost of material and labour.

As regard the more purely Indian portions of the route, the Committee only desire to suggest that masses of harmonious colours should be obtained if possible, and that for this purpose nothing could be better than the free employment of 'saris.'

A note seems desirable on the flags which may properly be displayed by all British subjects in India are the Union Jack, the Red Ensign, and the Flag of India. The use of the Union Jack by private individuals has now been authorised by his Majesty's Government. The Flag of India is the Red Ensign, with the Star of India, placed upon the Red. The Blue Ensign with the Star of India, should only be flown on Government buildings and vessels. Care should be taken that the Union Jack is hung correctly. The Royal Standard should never be displayed by private individuals.

ILLUMINATIONS.

As regards illuminations, as Government have undertaken the illumination of all Government buildings and the Corporation will do the same for all Municipal buildings, including street fountains, the Committee do not intend to do any illumination, beyond the lighting of the arches on the route.

The illumination of private buildings must therefore be left entirely to private arrangement. The Committee desire to point out that as Their Majesties will be in Bombay from the 2nd to 5th December, it should be arranged to illuminate on both the Saturday and Monday nights, and on Tuesday, night of their departure, along the line of the route to the Victoria Terminus.

Although the Committee are unable to illuminate private buildings, they will be glad to give any advice or information that may be asked of them.

As regards fireworks, the Committee feel that, while undue expenditure must be avoided, a display of these is the usual and recognised symbol, especially in India, of general rejoicing, and that they will gratify a large number of the humbler portion of the population. They have decided therefore to place an order with a well known firm of pyrotechnists for the display of fireworks in Back Bay, which affords an unequalled position for an effective display. In addition there will be a display of daylight fireworks either in connection with the children's entertainment or at some other suitable time.

The work of erecting stands will be undertaken, when the numbers for which they are required are known. Arrangements are being made for the purchase of souvenirs for the children.

THE FANCY FAIR.

The guarantee towards the Fancy Fair is necessary for the success of an undertaking, which, it is felt, will mark the occasion in the memories of the mass of the people, by the pleasure it will give. But it is not anticipated that the guarantee fund will have to be largely, if at all, drawn upon. The permanent object to which any balance of funds will be devoted will probably be the King Edward the VII Memorial Hospital either towards the General Funds of that Hospital, or, as has been suggested, for the foundation of a medical teaching college in connection with the Hospital, which would be a distinct memorial of Their Majesties' visit.

EXHIBITION COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Expert Advisory Committee of the Exhibition of Old Bombay was held at the offices of the Exhibition on Wednesday evening. Various proposals in connection with the laying-out of the Exhibition were discussed and the question of having an open space for polo and other outdoor amusements was gone into.

The offices of the Executive Committee are now open from 12 noon to 7-30 p.m in Messrs. Whiteaway, Laidlaw's Building, Hornby Road.

## PLAGUE MORTALITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA JUNE, 29.

The mortality from plague during the week ending 24th June in all India was 4,0[illegible] seizures, resulting in 3,671 deaths. In the Provinces deaths were as follows:—Bombay, 337; Madras, 45; Bengal, 79; the United Provinces 60, the Punjab 2,851, and Berma 162.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay, during the week ending June 24, was 501, giving a death-rate of 26·64 per annum per thousand as against 27·70 the corresponding period of last year, and 30·04 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 51 died from fevers, 43, plague; 13, small-pox; 4, measles; 1, cholera; 1, leprosy; 32, phthisis; 29, diseases of the nervous system; 113, affections of the respiratory organs; 32, diarrhœa; 10, dysentery; 24, still-born; 63, old age and debility; and 11, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 20; Brahmin, 27; Lingaet, 1; Bhattis, 4; Hindu of other caste, 237; Hindu low caste, 48; Musalman, 119; Parsi, 15; Jew, 2; Native Christian, 20; Eurasian, 4; European, 4. The total number of births was 392 as against 369 for the corresponding period of last year, and 347 the average over the past five years.

## UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

### Proposed Curriculum for B. A. Degree.

### LETTER FROM GOVERNMENT.

THE Registrar of the University of Bombay, has received a letter from Government with a request that it be laid before the Senate with reference to the forthcoming discussion of the report of the Arts Committee.

The letter states:—More than two and a half years have passed since Government, with a view to the remedying of certain existing defects, made a series of suggestions to which the consideration of the Senate was invited. The Governor in Council welcomes the progress that has since been made, and he is convinced that the reforms now in contemplation will go far to remedy defects and to improve the standard of university education in this Presidency.

In regard to the proposed curriculum for the B.A. degree, however, Government think it is right that they should forcibly lay their views before the Senate in order that there may be no possibility of misunderstanding. The curriculum, as it now stands, contains the following subjects, namely:—(I) English with composition; (II) classical language; (III) history and political economy; (IV) one of six named subjects including history. In the proposed curriculum, there are only two obligatory subjects, namely:—(I) English with composition; (II) history of England, political and constitutional; (III) one of six named subjects being optional. The subject of history, as now treated in the B. A. examination, is divided into—(a) history of England; political and constitutional (1 paper); (b) history of India (1 paper); (c) political economy (1 paper). Under the operation of the proposed curriculum, "Indian History and Administration" becomes an obligatory subject at the Intermediate examination and political economy is included in an optional history group which embodies also—history of Greece, history of Rome, European history.

The Governor in Council cannot doubt that the Senate will full realize the magnitude of the changes thus involved, and will feel with him that they should not be adopted without the most serious consideration. A special and limited branch of history, which now counts as only one-third of one out of three obligatory subjects, would become a subject 'per se' and would be one of the only two subjects enforced upon candidates for the B. A. degree. Many objections may be raised to the application of this vital change to an Indian University, and I am to mention those which specially appeal to the Governor in Council.

GOVERNMENT'S OBJECTIONS.

It appears inevitable that English should remain an obligatory subject. A mastery of the English language is becoming more and more necessary to the Indian student, and an acquaintance with English literature is an admitted advantage. Thus, in spite of undoubted difficulties in securing in all the many colleges affiliated to the University the high standard of teaching which is evidently desirable, and in eliminating the element of cramming which is gravely detrimental to sound education, there can be no question on this point. But, if this view is correct, it becomes all the more necessary, when only two obligatory subjects are prescribed, that the second such subject should not be beset by the difficulties attendant on the first, and should be calculated to play a part in the training of the intellect of the Indian student. It appears to the Governor in Council that English history, political and constitutional, cannot be regarded in this light. The teaching of history in such a way as to make it, not a means of acquiring book knowledge quickly forgotten, but an instrument of mental training, offers great difficulties even in England and can be possible only in rare cases in India. The subject is one which would certainly not be made compulsory upon all students for an Arts degree in England, and it is far less suitable for general enforcement upon Indian students. It is most doubtful whether any other Indian university would take such a step as is proposed. It is not too much to say that for the great mass of the B.A. students of the Bombay University such knowledge as they might acquire from the reading of text books bearing on a subject which is, in certain aspects, controversial, would not prove of the smallest practical value in their after lives, and would not tend in any way to fit them for the work which in the great majority of cases must lie before them. The Governor in Council, however, does not attach undue value to the utilitarian argument. If a subject has indirect value as an intellectual training or in the formation of character and the qualities which make for success, the direct results of the knowledge acquired may be of minor importance. What impresses him most is that as experience shows too plainly, the subject in question would be learned from text-books, and the examination would be tests of memory and not of intellectual strength, of originality, or of powers of independent thought. The deficiencies in these respects of the graduates of the University are widely acknowledged, and Government would be most reluctant to acquiesce in a step which appears certain to increase these deficiencies.

AMPLE DISCUSSION NEEDED.

In a matter of so great importance to the future of higher education in this Presidency, the Senate will not fail to realize that Government cannot divest themselves of responsibility. The colleges involve the expenditure of large sums of public money, and Government is an employer on a large scale of the graduates of the University. For these reasons, the Governor in Council has deemed it his duty to lay his views before the Senate, feeling assured that they will accord full consideration to them and that they will be fully discussed on their merits only. Amendments will, therefore, be raised in order that such discussion may take place. In conclusion, I am to state that the Governor in Council confidently believes that his motives will not be misunderstood. Government regard the study of English history, political and constitutional, as necessarily advantageous if time and adequate teaching power are available; but they are impressed with the extreme undesirability of enforcing it on all Arts students for the reasons stated. They are inspired by one wish only, which the Senate will share, and that is to make the training provided by the University of Bombay the best possible in the interests of the [illegible] of the intellectual advancement of [illegible] Presidency.

THE SENATE'S AGENDA.

At the meeting of the Senate of the University of Bombay, to be held to-morrow, the Rev. Dr. R. Scott will move that the report of the Arts Committee be adopted. Prof. S. M. Isfahani will move an amendment to the effect that in Persian the courses for the B. A. Honours and the M. A. examinations be reduced from six authors to four authors and from eight authors to six authors respectively.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. H. Sharp will move among others, the following amendments:—

Proposition 2.—That the following words be added:—"With the following exceptions or additions—(i) that in respect of paragraph 5 of the report, the Senate does not approve of the proposal to abolish the English essay as a separate paper, but desires the retention of such a paper, carrying substantial marks, at (a) the Previous, (b) the Intermediate examination in Arts, (c) the B.A. examination. (ii) That in respect of paragraph 6 of the report, the Senate, on a reconsideration of the matter, is of opinion that the subjects for the B.A. examination should be (a) English, (b) either a second language or mathematics, (c) a voluntary group, and requests the Syndicate to revise the proposed regulations relating to second languages, mathematics, and history accordingly. (iii) That in respect of paragraph 17 of the report, the Senate is of opinion that nothing in the report or in the revised regulations should be taken to prejudice the subsequent discussion of the proposal now pending with the Syndicate as to a change in the beginning and end of the academic year."

Proposition 3 (ii) Page 7, regulation under I.—English.—Two papers: substitute the following—In English there will be two papers, one on prescribed texts carrying 150 marks, and one for composition on a theme relating to the books or subjects prescribed for the examination, carrying 50 marks. The Syndicate will prescribe texts at least one year before the examination. (iii) Page 13, second regulation: Substitute the following:—No undergraduate will be admitted to this examination unless, after obtaining a certificate from the Principal of an Arts college showing that he has satisfactorily carried out the work appointed by the University for the first two terms in Arts, or else, after passing the Previous examination, he shall have kept two terms at a college or institution recognized in Arts,

and unless he produce satisfactory testimonials under Form.

Page 13, regulation under I.—English : Substitute the following :—Three papers. In English there will be three papers, one on prescribed poetry texts (75 marks), one on prescribed prose texts (75 marks) and one for composition on a theme relating to the books or subjects prescribed for the examination (50 marks). The first two papers will contain questions of a grammatical kind as well as questions on the subject matter of the books. The poetry paper will contain at least one question of a more general kind on the poetic art illustrated in one or other of the texts ; and the prose paper will contain at least one question involving elementary principles of composition. Some knowledge of the life and literary productions of each author is expected. The Syndicate will prescribe texts at least one year before the examination.

Page 16, regulation under I.—English : Substitute the following:—Three papers. In English there will be three papers, one on prescribed poetry texts (75 marks), one on prescribed prose texts (75 marks), and one for composition on a theme relating to the books or subjects prescribed for the examination (50 marks). The poetry paper will contain at least one question on poetic or dramatic arts illustrated in the texts ; and the prose paper will contain at least one question on prose style. Some knowledge of the life works and literary characteristics of each author is expected. The Syndicate will prescribe texts at least two years before the examination.

Page 17, for the four paragraphs under the words (Three additional papers for honours) : Substitute the following:—Two papers will be set in additional textbooks to be prescribed by the Syndicate at least three years before the examination ; some knowledge will also be required of literature, and of the philosophical or literary or historical environment of the authors of the books prescribed. In the Persian papers one or more questions will require to be answered in that language. The third paper in Sanskrit and in Latin will contain unprepared passages for translation into English and vice versa. In Persian the third paper will contain a short essay in Persian on the history of Persian literature or on a subject connected with the course, paraphrase of an unseen passage, and unprepared passages for translaion into English and vice versa.

Mr. Rustom K. R. Cama will move an amendment to the effect that for the B. A. course candidates must select one of the following groups—(I) English and modern languages, viz., German and French, (II) modern history and economics, (III) mathematics, pure and applied, (IV) mental and moral philosophy, (V) Oriental languages, i.e., Arabic and Persian or Sanskrit and Zend and comparative philology, (VI) ancient history and Greek and Latin languages. (VII) Science (any one group of the B. Sc. course.)

The Rev. Dr. D. Mackichan will move that honours be instituted at the B.A. examination in subjects (d) and (f) as well as in the other subjects of the curriculum as recommended by the Committee.

B. SC. AND M. SC. COURSES.

Professor M. K. Kanga will move the following :—On page 28 of the Science Committee's report under the heading "Standards of passing the Examinations," Intermediate examination in Science and B. Sc., delete the word "33" per cent wherever it occurs, and insert the word "30" per cent instead.

Professor Arthur Powell will move the following amendments:—(i) That the words "Three papers and at least three days' practical examination" be inserted between the heading "Botany" and the last paragraph on page 27 of the Report of the Science Committee, (ii) that the words "Three papers and at least three days' practical examination" be inserted between the heading "V.—Zoology," and the third paragraph on page 28 of the Report of the Science Committee, (iii) that the word "Hydrocharidaceæ" in line 22, page 22, of the Report of the Science Committee be deleted.

## CARRIAGE-LICENSING IN POONA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Poona is this week in all the glory of bright and new-looking tongas, and chancing to be in the suburbs, not far from the rifle-butts, I came upon a collection of about two hundred of the vehicles having their licenses renewed, and a crowd of people looking on at the fun. I have witnessed the performance in a larger city—not Bombay, take my word for it—and it is a melanoholy spectacle; but what I saw here was as good as a circus. Three gentlemen in khaki were the experts and authorities of the occasion, and their orders were carried out by police constables scattered about the ground. A round drive had been marked out with red flags, on which were shown off the paces of the ponies and the skill of the drivers. The tongas had been washed, even painted, and the steeds groomed to look their best, and they were brought up, two at a time, before the authorities in khaki, a policeman ostentatiously holding back the second while the first was being examined. If a turn-out passed the critical scrutiny standing, and the pony took sundry punches about the body without flinching, the driver was bidden go round the drive at a brisk trot, and that was the best part of the show.

On the other occasion, in the other city, poverty and oppression had taken all spirit out of the men, who brought up their miserable animals and dilapidated machines in a state of resignation between hunger and despair. Hope is the medicine of the poor, so perhaps they clung to a hope that even a lame horse might pass muster if their luck were good and palm oil sufficient. But here the self-esteem of the drivers made a sight to be seen. Their attitude, as soon as they took the reins, seemed to say to the sahebs, "you think you know something about driving : let me show you." And they showed. Would that Mr. Keir-Hardie had been present ! I was impressed by the fairness and consideration of the gentlemen in khaki. If the jehu could drive straight and keep his pony in control, they were satisfied. Style was not looked for. On the other hand, the jehu thought that style was everything, and dangled his reins and swung his whip in the very spirit of triumph. The ponies did not enter into this spirit : they had a spirit of their own, but the poets' "steed that knows his rider" was not in them. Some stepped high, a reminder of better days. Others went swiftly along as if three legs suited them better than four.

But what delighted the crowd of spectators was when a pony jibbed and threw its heels two yards into the air. I have a prejudice against such a tonga pony, for I was once delayed ten minutes while four men from the stable tugged and lashed to make the beast go, but it only backed twice into a ditch, and twice again all but threw me out by a sudden side movement. However, the judges were, as I have said, considerate, remembering that a limited degree of kicking and rearing is inseparable from "swadeshi" horse-flesh, and as the jehu kept his head and had his pony in hand, did not think it right to forbid him use of the animal which he had perhaps borrowed Rs. 40 to purchase. A small number of ponies or tongas were rejected, the drivers protesting that want of time had prevented them from putting in the couple of screw nails and laying on the touch of varnish which was all the tonga wanted to keep it sound for a year to come; or else that the pony was of a sort which throve best when they were lean, and that the judges might keep his whip and he would with his voice only make it go like the wind for miles.

The crowd watching the fun included a large number of Bunnias and Bunnia women; but they were undoubtedly either owners of the tongas or creditors of the drivers, and I was not surprised to see them getting into the conveyances for a free drive to the city, while the rest of the citizens walked.—Yours, etc.

A.

## CRICKET AT POONA.

### Gymkhana vs. Satara.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JUNE 29.

The annual two days match between the Poona Gymkhana and Satara was played here yesterday and to-day, ended in a win for the former by an innings and three runs. Satara went in first and put together 131 runs, Desmukh's 65 with 38 extras constituting the chief figures on their side. To this Poona responded with 288, Major Greig 47, Major Houghton 59, Major Southey 49, Mr. Hamilton 26, and extras 42 being the chief figures. Satara went in to-day with 107 runs to bat and were all out for 104 with the above result.

Mr. Oaslow Ford has now completed the portrait from life of His Honor Sir Edward Baker.

## BOMBAY CORPORATION.

### The Lepers' Act.

SONAPUR WALL ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE adjourned ordinary montly meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday in the Municipal Hall, the Hon'ble Sir Pherozeshah Mehta presiding.

The Corporation considered a Government resolution regarding the question of the application of the Lepers' Act III of 1898 to Bombay City.

The Hon'ble Dr. T. B. Nariman moved that the memorandum from the Commissioner regarding the Government resolution be recorded.

Dr. Nariman remarked that it was a matter of great satisfaction and relief both to the Corporation and the public that they had at last arrived at a stage when the danger to which the public had been exposed through the presence among them of lepers would be considerably reduced.

Dr. D. A. De Monte seconded the proposition.

Mr. J. B. Petit observed that it was a gratifying fact that a long standing nuisance had been removed. He, however, thought that the question of the cost of sending these lepers to asylums would be a fruitful source of dispute between the Corporation and Government. According to the arrangement arrived at between the two, the cost of sending lepers who had lived for more than five years in Bombay was to be borne by the Corporation. But he asked in what manner they were going to ascertain whether a leper was a native of Bombay or had come from the mofussil. Most of these people were ignorant and he did not know in what manner they were going to get the necessary information from them.

Mr. P. R. Cadell, the Municipal Commissioner, agreed that there was a difficulty. They had taken the statements of those lepers that were already in the asylum. A difficulty, would arise in ascertaining information from vagrant lepers.

The motion was carried.

EXECUTIVE HEALTH OFFICER.

The Commissioner in a letter said: "I have the honour to forward a copy of a letter No. 6084 of 23rd May 1911, from the Executive Health Officer and to request that the sanction of the Corporation be accorded to permission being given to Dr. Turner to visit places regarding which his opinion is desired by a Municipality or Sanitary authority, and to his receiving the fee offered to him for such work, provided that such visit be made in the period of casual leave ordinarily permissible to him. It is, I think, right that, considering the paucity of experts in Municipal sanitation in this country, we should be willing to assist other local bodies, so far as we can do so without detriment to our own working. I think, moreover, that Dr. Turner should be considered entitled to retain the whole fee offered him, if the work is done within the limits of the casual leave, which Dr. Turner is entitled annually to enjoy, and which he can of course use in any way he chooses."

The Executive Health Officer, in his letter to the Commissioner, said : "I have the honour to inform you that I am frequently asked by Municipalities and Sanitary authorities outside Bombay to give an opinion on certain questions relating to public health. Hitherto I have replied that without visiting the place I could not give an opinion and the sanction of the Corporation would be necessary for me to do this. Lately the Municipality of Hyderabad (Sind) has asked me to visit the Town and give an opinion of the proposed drainage scheme and to state my terms. To do this I should have to take casual leave for say five days. As these visits would not occur frequently and they could be done within the period of casual leave, would you, if you think necessary, approach the Corporation for a general sanction subject to your permission to visit these places and give an opinion and receive a fee ? I understand that this is allowed in Government service and in Calcutta."

Sir Bhalchandra Krishna moved : "That with reference to the Commissioner's letter, dated the 6th June, 1911, regarding the proposal to allow Dr. J. A. Turner, Executive Health Officer, to visit places regarding which his opinion is desired by a Municipality or Sanitary authority, the Commissioner be informed that the Corporation will be prepared on suitable occasions to grant such permission. (2) That the Corporation hereby authorizes Dr. Turner to visit Hyderabad (Sind) and give his opinion on the proposed drainage scheme of the [illegible] advice, provided the period of his absence for the does not exceed five days.

The motion was carried.

USING GROUND FLOORS AS SHOPS.

Dr. Jehangir C. J. Cursetji moved : "That the Municipal Commissioner be requested to submit at an early date a report giving in separate columns : (1.) The total number of houses or residential quarters in each ward of the City. (2.) The total number in each ward, and under the heads a, b and c, of such of them as are occupied on the ground-floors (a) by shops, offices, refreshment rooms, hair-cutting saloons, stables, godowns, etc, or (b) for industrial and trade purposes, such as the location of small presses, workshops, printing works, factories, etc., worked by machinery or (c) as storing places or shops for the sale of inflammable or combustible materials such as spirits, acid, kerosene oil, petrol, coal, waste cotton, coir, waste paper, and packing materials, crude gunpowder, fire-works, etc. (3.) The percentage of the ground floors thus occupied, in each ward, to the total number of houses wholly used for residential purposes only. (4). The number of houses in each ward whose ground floors in addition to being occupied in the manner indicated in paragraph 2 are also rented in part for residential purposes. (5.) To report whether ground floors of residential houses should be permitted to be occupied in future for the storage or sale of inflammable or combustible materials against the interests and safety of the residents of such houses and their neighbourhood."

The Municipal Commissioner remarked that Dr. Cursetji's object in bringing forward the motion was undoubtedly a laudable one, but he did not know in what manner they were going to put a stop to the nuisance. A certain amount of danger had to be faced.

Mr. J. B. Petit advised Dr. Cursetji to confine his proposition to Clause 3.

The Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtulla thought Dr. Cursetji had misconceived the remedy. He drew the attention of the Corporation to Section 394 of the Municipal Act according to which the Commissioner had powers to refuse to issue licenses for storing materials that might be dangerous to life, health or property. If Dr. Cursetji thought the License Department had not carried out its duties in this respect satisfactorily, he might bring the question before the Corporation and ask the Commissioner to produce statistics of licenses granted or refused.

Dr. Cursetji replying to the discussion said that these shops shut out the light and air from people living on the ground floor.

The proposition being put the vote was lost.

QUESTION OF OILING THE ROADS.

Col. M. A. T. Collie moved that the report dated the 4th May 1911, of the Committee appointed by Corporation Resolution No. 3339, dated the 9th September 1909, and reconstituted by Corporation Resolution No. 516 dated the 25th April 1910, regarding the oiling of roads in the city, be approved and adopted, and a copy be forwarded to the Commissioner for information and guidance.

The motion was carried.

H. M. THE KING'S VISIT.

Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia moved "that, in view of the general rejoicings caused by the approaching visit of Their Most Gracious Majesties the King-Emperor of India and the Queen Empress, the Corporation desire that some relief by way of reductions in taxation should be given to the rate-payers of this City who have steadily contributed to the Municipal revenue in ever-increasing proportions, as will be seen from the figures quoted, and the Commissioner be requested to consider and report whether it will not be possible to afford the desired relief by reducing any of the Property Taxes for the ensuing year.

Dr. Sukhia, in support of the proposition, said that although during the last ten years the population of Bombay had not been increasing at a fast rate, the people had to pay large taxes. He thought it was a good opportunity for the Commissioner to popularise himself (Hear hear and loud laughter) and it would be said to his lasting credit that he had by his ability been able to reduce the taxes on a memorable occasion. The public appreciated the significance of their Majesties' visit to this country and they must do something to show that appreciation.

Mr. Sarafali Mamuji seconded the proposition.

Mr. A. M. Tod remarked it was intended to benefit the public but the majority of them were not householders, whom the proposed reduction would benefit.

The motion was defeated.

OFFENSIVE ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Hon'ble Mr. J. S. Wardlaw Milne moved "that the Commissioner be requested to report at to what measures can be taken to secure the removal of the garish and offensive advertisements now appearing upon the walls of the cemeteries in Queen's Road."

The Hon'ble Mr. Milne said he did not wish to blame anybody in the matter. He only wanted to see if anything could be done to remove these advertisements, at least for the current year when their Majesties paid a visit to their city. Whether these advertisements should be removed for the time being only or for ever was a matter which could be dealt with later on. He maintained that many of these advertisements were objectionable.

Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia was of opinion that Mr. Milne had done a service to the city by bringing forward the matter. There was no doubt that most of these advertisements were offensive, and they were to be seen not only upon the walls of cemeteries but also on tram cars. Some of the advertisements mentioned certain diseases which should not be mentioned. Queen's Road was one of the roads along which their Majesties were to drive while in Bombay and it was therefore highly necessary that the advertisements on the walls of the cemeteries in that road should be removed at least for one year.

ETHICAL OR AESTHETIC?

Mr. Joseph Baptista said there was a section of the Municipal Act by which the Commissioner could remove the advertisements without the consent or permission of the owners of the building and he (the speaker) therefore thought there was no necessity for the proposition moved by Mr. Milne. He did not know whether it was the ethical or the aesthetic sense of Mr. Milne that was offended by the advertisements. If the advertisements were indecent the Commissioner of Police could deal with them. But advertisements of the sort referred to by Dr. Sukhia were seen not only on walls of cemeteries but also in medical dispensaries. Most Englishmen had a rooted dislike to all advertisements, and they were wont to term everyone of them horrible. He did not think Englishmen had a very aesthetic sense and probably they now wanted to develop that sense. He had no objection to offer to that, but he asked in return that they should encourage indigenous art, of which most of the advertisements on the walls of the cemeteries in Queen's Road were specimens.

Mr. Cowasji Jehangir remarked that Mr. Baptista seemed to think the Queen's Road was Bombay's academy. He would vote for the proposition as he was in favour of removing these advertisements; but when they looked to the amount of money, which these 'advertisements brought to the house-owners he did not see in what manner they were going to prevail upon them to let go the revenue by consenting to the removal of the advertisements. He hoped the Decoration Committee would take steps to get these advertisements removed or covered up at least during their Majesties' visit to Bombay.

The Hon'ble Mr. Milne said he did not claim that the Commissioner had any legal powers to get these advertisements removed. There were certain other advertisements with which the Commissioner of Police might deal. He (the speaker) was merely suggesting that the Municipal Commissioner might go into the matter and see if anything could be done to get the advertisements removed.

The motion being up to the vote was defeated, fourteen members voting in favour of, and eighteen against it.

AN ALLEGED NUISANCE.

Dr. M. C. Javle moved :—"That the Commissioner be requested to report whether it is a fact that the waste water from the Bombay Woollen Mill accumulates on the open ground between Dadar and Matunga stations of the B. B. & C. I. Railway and becomes a source of nuisance and danger to public health, and, if so, to take immediate steps in the matter with a view to preventing the nuisance, reporting to the Corporation the action taken by him.

The proposition was carried.

## BOMBAY NATIVE GENERAL LIBRARY.

The annual report for the year 1910, states among other facts the following :—On the 31st [illegible] there were on the roll 47 life members ; 44 first class members ; 131 second class members; and 1,249 subscribers, making in all 1,471 which contrasted with the figure of the previous year shows a decrease of 4 first class members ; 7 second class members ; and 44 subscribers. The number of the life members remains the same. Of these 1,471 members and subscribers 749 were Parsis 605 Hindus ; 83 Christians ; 28 Mahomedans and 6 Jew. The average daily attendance of readers was 200. 13,153 works on different subjects were issued to members and subscribers during the year under report. 5,000 newspapers were issued during the year, and 9,984 periodicals were circulated amongst the life and first class members. New books of the total value of Rs. 1,996-13-0 were purchased during the year.

The total receipts from all sources during the year under report were Rs. 9,664-11-10 and the total disbursements amounted to Rs. 10,049 resulting in an excess of expenditure of Rs. 384-4-2 over the receipts realised. This excess of expenditure was in consequence of an extraordinary expenditure of Rs. 165-4-7 this Library had to incur for the payment of the passage from the entrance to the Framji Cawasji Institute to the north end of the reading room. It was also due to the additional charges for the improvement of the lights in the reading rooms. The excess charge was met from the surplus cash balance in the National Bank of India Limited.

On the 1st January 1910 there was an outstanding of Rs. 3,128-10-0, out of which Rs. 1,719-10-0 were recovered during 1910, and Rs. 387-14-0 were written off as bad debts, and Rs. 1,032-2-0 have been held over for recovery in 1911. Every possible endeavour is being made to effect the recovery of the balance due. The Committee carefully revised the lists of bad debts and resolved to write of Rs. 387-14-0 as shown below which amount was found to be irrecoverable. There were in all 82 cases of defaulters of whom 12 died; 5 show their inability to pay the bills; the whereabouts of 51 are not known; 13 dispute payment on the plea that they did not take advantage of the library or that they had sent in their resignations, or that they had been members for a short period for which they had paid their subscriptions; and in one case the bill was wrongly prepared through inadvertence. Forty-six copies of the first supplement to the catalogue were issued free of charge to members and subscribers during the year under report. A few copies of the catalogue were sold and realised Rs. 13 in all.

## GOLF.

### The "Forty-Twa" Medal.

The first Forty-Twa Medal Competition of the Royal Bombay Golf Club was held on Thursday morning. The competition consisted of a match against bogey under handicap over 9 holes and attracted a large entry of 40. The condition of the course is not at all conducive to golf in the true sense, for it is hard and dry and the 'lies' through the green are lucky or otherwise. The second break of the monsoon is badly required and one hopes will not long be delayed.

The winner of the competition was Reed, who returned a very good card of 42 and was 2 up on bogey; four competitors came in 1 up, Adair and Roberts with rounds of 39 and Jessop with 40 and Mann 47. Results :—

| | Handicap. | Result. |
|---|---|---|
| J Reed ... | ... — 5 | 2 up |
| H S Adair ... | ... owe 1 | 1 up |
| A L S Roberts ... | ... owe 1 | 1 up |
| F W Mann ... | ... — 7 | 1 up |
| J W Jessop ... | ... — 1 | 1 up |
| H T Gorrie ... | ... — 5 | all square |
| G H Davis ... | ... — 4 | all square |
| M F Nicholson | ... scr. | all square |
| A Foulkes ... | ... — 7 | all square |
| R D England ... | ... owe 1 | all square |
| A C Owen ... | ... — 5 | 1 down |
| A Gittins ... | ... owe 1 | 1 down |
| E E Savi ... | ... — 5 | 1 down |
| P M D Sanderson | ... — 3 | 2 down |
| G F D Tennant | ... — 1 | 2 down |
| E H Curling ... | ... — 6 | 2 down |
| T S Gregson ... | ... — 7 | 2 down |
| L Thacker ... | ... — 2 | 2 down |
| G Wittet ... | ... — 3 | 2 down |
| R D Bell ... | ... — 5 | 3 down |
| H B Murray ... | ... — 4 | 3 down |
| M P Comber ... | ... — 2 | 3 down |
| C L Burns ... | ... — 4 | 3 down |
| A S Folkes ... | ... — 5 | 4 down |

## A CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

AUVERGNE AND ITS PEOPLE by F. M. Gostling—(Methuen).—Auvergne is one of the least known provinces of old France, not only to foreigners but to the French, and one feels thankful that Mrs. Gostling done justice to a province which is so full of interest and beauty, and to its people, with their quaint customs and lingering superstitions, their legends, heroes, and saints. The English reader will remember, too, that every castle in Auvergne is connected with the Hundred Years' War, and that its valleys and mountains "have numberless stories to tell of our Plantagenet Kings and of our Black Prince and his adventurous knights."

MRS. ALFRED TRENCH—Anonymous—(Elkin Mathews).—A very well written story on married life. It is a real book, a live piece of literature, a sincere picture of life, and there is not a married couple in the country but may read it, and think it over, with advantage. After the Trenches had been married for a short time, the wife discovered that in their case, as in many others, their marriage was a failure. They were totally unsuited to each other. A melodramatic incident occurs, when they discover that they are not legally married, Margaret, the wife, has a long struggle with herself, but finally decides to be legally married for the child's sake. Then begins the long struggle. The end is tragic and anything but the conventional "happy ending." But it is real life.

THE POWER OF THE PETTICOAT by Mrs. Henry Tippett—(Long).—Father Markham is a convert to Rome, and narrow-minded, bigoted priest of a type which is fortunately rare. He forbids his young sister to marry the man she loves, an artist who imperils his soul by belonging to no creed, and he goes the way to make many persons unhappy. But he is a cold man by force of will rather than lack of feeling, and this book is the story of how he learns something of the passions which sway weaker mortals. It is a story with a touch of tragedy in it, and it confirms the impression, left by its predecessors, that Mrs. Tippett is a writer of considerable power.

THE DEVIL IN SOLUTION, by William Caine—(Greening)—is a really funny book. A grand joke. One long laugh from beginning to end. There is no use trying to go into details over the tale, there is no tale. The book is full of the countless exploits of Lord Mark Muckleshew, Britain's greatest athlete, also Lord Mark's love affairs cause much diversion, his lady-love being Lady Cerise Lapham. A tale for every one read who enjoys a good laugh.

SUFFRAGETTE SALLY, by Miss G. Colmore-(Stanley Paul).—A true and forcible account of the speeches, raids and prison life of the suffragettes. Sally, the little general servant, whose career of faithfulness makes the story of the book, is a charming character with a sad ending to her life. The scenes in Holloway Prison are most graphic and will certainly be read with interest.

THE RECLUSE OF RILL by R. W. Wright Henderson—(Murray).—This is a slight but very pleasant story, with an undistinguished but always interesting hero. We may think, perhaps, that Hary Kell makes too much of his little troubles and suffers rather in his imagination than in his conscience, but he is not the less human for that. And if there is nothing extraordinary noble in his purely passive way of putting back his niece's and nephew's money which he has lost, by saving it little by little instead of bestirring himself to go out and [illegible] he shows himself a man of valour, when in Egypt the party of English people to whom he belongs is attacked by the uprising natives. So that in the end when, after years of imagining himself little better than a fugitive criminal, he comes back to England to find himself famous the readers feel that he well deserves the love which a nice girl gives him. Mr. Henderson's book is to be recommended on account of its many clever touches of character and its wholesome sentiment.

THE UNKNOWN ISLE—(Cassells).—One of the most lively books we have come across for some time is "The Unknown Isle," and is written by "Pierre de Coulevain," so well known to English readers of French, who has been in England of late making notes which are often shrewd, though not always complimentary. Good society it is claimed, has been compelled not perhaps to take a back seat, but at least a secondary place, and this, in "Pierre de Coulevain's" opinion, is due to the passion for wealth, the freaks and foibless, of the smart set, and the American invasion. "Pierre de Coulevain" has a great deal to say about the English woman, and praises her straightforwardness innate loyalty, sense of justice, and devotion to duty, but thinks her a little dry and hard, imagines that she possesses small humour and not a little petty vanity. She has claimed a great deal of liberty of late, and has developed a passion for athletic sports. Her manners have suffered in consequence, and in many cases she has grown careless about dress. Her knowledge of life is extremely elementary, in spite of her practical outlook. Nothing amused our critic more than to see the daughters of John Bull and Uncle Sam together. Here we must leave a delightful book, written with insight with candour, and for the most part with kindliness. But in doing so we will cite a passage which speaks for itself : "Liberty ? The word is not written up anywhere here as in France on the public buildings, but the sensation of liberty is felt everywhere. It makes" The Unknown Isle, 'which is really very small, seem immense.' "Pierre de Coulevain" has written what Dean Swift would have termed an agreeable lounge book, and in this lazy weather it ought to find a wide welcome.

Few people realise how many, and yet how well defined, are the varities of foreign accent in the pronunciation of English. It is said that a sentence may be constructed of a dozen words by which seven European nations may be detected through their characteristic mistakes. "The Pronunciation of English by Foreigners" covers this ground in a way that has some elements of novelty about it. It is written by Dr. G. J. Burch, F.R.S., who is well known for his experiments on colour vision, and it is as a physiologist that he deals with the problems of pronunciation. Under the title of "The Physiology of Speech" the lectures of which this book is composed have formed a part of the organised courses for the study of English in Oxford by foreign women students at Norham Hall. The author has now incorporated with them, the results of ten years' study of the mistakes made by these pupils. Taking them in classes of twelve at a time, he not only corrected, but recorded from week to week the pronunciation of each on a separate sheet of paper. The book is essentially practical, and abounds in hints as to the methods which have proved successful in overcoming the difficulties peculiar to various nationalities. It is to be published shortly by Messrs. Alden, of Oxford.

The Cambridge Manuals of Science and Literature have already conquered a wide audience amongst cultured people. They are short studies of great subjects, and are published by the University Press at one shilling. Amongst the new volumes in active preparation are several which are certain to make a wide appeal. One is "Goethe and the Twentieth Century," by Professor J. G. Robertson. Another, "Mysticism and modern English Literature," by Miss C. F. Spurgeon; whilst a third is "the Talmud," by Mr. I. Abrahams, Reader in Rabbinical Literature in the University of Cambridge.

Other volumes in the series which we note with interest are devoted to "Aerial Locomotion," the "Moral and Political Ideas of Plato," "St. Paul and Christianity," "Life in the Medieval University," and "King Arthur in History and Legend." It would be easy to extend this list, but we have said enough to show that the Cambridge Press is casting its literary net widely.

"The Argentine Year-Book" is the latest recruit to works of reference, it has been written strictly in the interests of business men and is full of concise information and the latest statistics about agriculture, mining, railways, banks, and great industrial enterprises. It is published by Messrs. Robert Grant and Co. of Buenos Ayres, and copies can be had in England from Messrs. W. H. Smith and Son.

The late Canon Benham was for upwards of twenty years a valued contributor to the "Church Times." His Letters appeared week by week under the signature of Peter Lombard, and many of them contained a good deal of lightly handled learning, and where in consquence of more then passing account. We understand that Messrs. Macmillan are about to bring out a selection of "The Letters of Peter Lombard," and that the volume will contain a biographical introduction written by his daughter, Mrs. Baxter.

## THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. Justice Ganpat Sadashiv Rav, LL.B., assumed the execution of the duties of his office as Acting Judge of His Majesty's, High Court at Bombay, on the 13th June.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice J. J. Heaton, I. C. S., relinquished, and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice M. H. W. Hayward, LL.B. (Cantab). Bar.-at.-Law, I. C. S., assumed, charge of the office of Judge of His Majesty's High Court at Bombay on the 13th June.

Mr. F. G. H. Anderson, I. C. S., on return to duty, to be Political Agent, Surat.

Mr. C. G. Henderson, I. C. S., on relief, to act as Political Agent, Jawhar, pending further orders.

Lieutenant A. S. Meek, on return to duty, to be Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar.

Major H. F. Jacob, First Assistant Resident, Aden, to act as Political Resident, Aden, in addition to his own duties, during the absence on leave of Brigadier-General J. A. Bell, or pending further orders.

Mr. C. A. B. Beatty, Second Grade Superintendent of Police, has been allowed an extension for four months of furlough.

Mr. E. F. Green, Second Grade Superintendent of Police, has been allowed by the Secretary of State for India, an extension for three months of furlough.

Major C. F. Harold, Assistant Political Resident, Aden, to hold charge of the office of Deputy Superintendent of Police, Aden, in addition to his own, with effect from the 1st April.

Mr. W. Plunkett, on relief, to be District Deputy Collector, Thana.

Mr. J. E. B. Hotson, I. C. S., on relief by Mr. C. C. Watson, I. C. S., to act as Junior Collector.

Mr. H. V. Braham, I.C. S., to be Assistant Collector, Panch Mahals, vice Mr. R. B. Ewbank, I. C. S., proceeding on leave.

The Reverend C. D. T. Mason, Supernumerary Chaplain at the Cathedral, to be Chaplain of Byculla, vice the Reverend W. J. M. Kennelly proceeding on leave.

Mr. W. Rowbotham, A.R.C.A. (London), Vice-Principal, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, is granted, with effect from 1st August, privilege leave for three months on half pay in combination with special leave on urgent private affairs for three months.

Mr. P. W. Monie, I.C.S., to be a Second Assistant from the date on which he reverts to service under the Bombay Government, the junior officer in the Second Grade reverting.

Mr. T. H. H. Knight, R.I.M., to be a member of the Board of Examiners, under the Boiler Inspection Act in Bombay, vice Mr. H. Johnston.

Captain A. J. V. Betts, M.B., I.M.S., to be a Civil Surgeon of the Second Class, and to continue to do duty as Acting Civil Surgeon, Nasik.

Mr. K. W. Barlee, I.C.S., to be Under-Secretary to Government, Political, Judicial, Special and Separate Departments, vice Mr. J. E. B. Hotson, I.C.S., appointed to act as Junior Collector.

Second Lieutenant Henry James Dibbs is transferred from the Sind Volunteer Rifles to the Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

On return from leave, Mr. J. B. Chapman, Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., is appointed Sanitary Engineer to Government.

## MOTOR CYCLIST SHOT.

### Remarkable Adventure on High Road.

An astonishing story of highway attack was told in mail week by a young man named Saul Splitters, who lives in Green Lanes, Clissold Park, N. Early one morning he staggered into Barnet Police-station suffering from several wounds, and complained of having been shot when riding on a motor-cycle. According to Mr. Splitters, who is described as twenty-three years of age, and the son of an egg merchant, he was returning from Birmingham on his motor-bicycle, and had reached London Colney, a village midway between Barnet and St. Albans, when he found that his petrol had given out. He dismounted and started to push his machine towards London. After going a distance of about a mile a cyclist on an ordinary machine overtook him. A conversation followed, and the two walked along for distance.

A MODERN HIGHWAYMAN.

The cyclist, it is stated, then suggested they should obtain a rope, and that he should tow the motor-bicycle into London. A rope having been obtained they proceeded for some distance in this manner. About a mile from Barnet, according to Splitters, the cyclist suddenly turned and fired a revolver at him; then, dismounting, and going towards Splitters, he said, "I want your money or your life." Splitters produced all the money he had—two shillings—and his assailant, it is further stated, thereupon exclaimed, "Oh, that won't do," and again fired at him.

Altogether, it is reported, he fired five times, and then made off on his machine. Splitters, bleeding from the bullet wounds, walked to Barnet and reached the police-station, when he dropped exhausted from loss of blood. He was conveyed by the police to the Cottage Hospital there, and a surgeon having examined him, it was deemed advisable to take his depositions. The doctors found that Splitters had been shot by the bullets in the chest, in the back, on the temple, in the cheek, and on the top of the head. Splitters is gradually recovering from his injuries.

THE POLICE REPORT.

Scotland Yard has received the following telegram from the Superintendent of Police, Barnet:

"A case of shooting with intent to rob occurred on St. Albans Road, about a mile and a half from Barnet, early one morning. Saul Splitters, 123, Green Lanes, Clissold Park, suffering from five bullet-wounds—three in the head, one in the neck, and one in the back—is now in Barnet Cottage Hospital, dangerously injured. His deposition has been taken by a J. P. He states that he was wheeling his motor-bicycle towards London, when he was overtaken by a man, aged nineteen to twenty-one, of medium build, ginger hair, fair complexion, dressed in dark clothes, straw hat, stutters very much. Can be identified. This man was on a bicycle, and towed Splitters for some distance. He then demanded money, and afterwards shot Splitters with a revolver."

## THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

| Great Britain. | Continent of Europe. | America. | Australia. | China. | Africa. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Via Teheran Perfect. | Via Teheran Perfect. | Via Brest Perfect | Via Penang Perfect. | Via Penang Perfect. | Via Aden Perfect. |
| Via Turkey Perfect. | Via Turkey Perfect. | Via Valentia Perfect. | Via Amoor Perfect. | Via Amoor Perfect. | Via Undis Tenerriffe Perfect. |
| Via Suez Perfect. | Via Suez Perfect. | Via Direct Cable Perfect. | ..... | Via Bhamo Perfect. | Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect. |

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 29th June, 1911.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

| Via | Latest Dates. | | | Time Occupied in Transmission | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | D. | H | M. | Hrs. | Mtr. |
| Turkey ... | 27 | 8 | 50 p. m. | 22 | 0 |
| Teheran ... | 29 | 1 | 25 p. m. | 1 | 31 |
| Suez ..... | 29 | 2 | 5 p. m. | ... | 49 |

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Arizpe, Babicora, Banamichi, Ityres, Huimanguillo, Cardenas, and Cunduscan Mexico will not be accepted until further notice. (14-4-11).

Telegrams for Rabat and Casablanca in Morocco, are subject to very great delay. (12-5-11).

Turkish route right (29-6-11)

## THE "WEARY-WILLIES" OF THE WORLD.

### How a Famous Physician Would Cure Them.

There is no more subtle indication of the way in which the body changes from time to time than that afforded by the sensations of the individual.

It is within everyone's experience that a time comes when, for no apparent reason, he feels weak and unable to undergo any exertion. The crying need is for something which will give a sensation of strength. Under such circumstances nothing compares with Sanatogen. This is the greatest energising, revitalising and reconstituent food known to science. It contains no alcohol or harmful drug but is made exclusively of the body building element of milk, chemically combined with glycerophosphate of sodium, the active principle of the brain and nervous system.

As Dr. Andrew Wilson, the famous writer on Health Subjects, has said:—"If in place of relying upon alcohol as a 'pick-me-up' the tired person tried Sanatogen, he would soon discover his weariness to be replaced by a different feeling—that of renewed vigour unaccompanied by any subsequent or corresponding depression. Sanatogen's advantage over the ordinary tonics, ranging from iron and quinine to arsenic and strychnine, is that its use does not derange digestion, but contrariwise assists enfeebled appetite. Again, its use can be continued for long periods in obstinate cases without in the least degree interfering with the work and pursuits of ordinary life.'

Sanatogen may be obtained of all Chemists and Bazaars.

## THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JUNE 29.

No improvement in the pressure conditions has occurred in the South of the Peninsula, and, except for scattered thundershowers in the Peninsula and some rain in Assam and Burma, the weather remains dry. Cheerapunji reports twenty-seven inches of rain. The temperature is much above normal in the region between Rajputana and Assam. The forecast shows no change of importance.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

| | Mapia. | Byculla | nade | Fort | Colaba. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | In Cts | In Cts | In Cts | In Cts | In Cts |
| Previously registered... ..... | 11·16 | 11·19 | 11·99 | 10·85 | |
| Thursday, 29th June ..... | 0·00 | 0·00 | 0·00 | 0·00 | |
| Total ..... | 11·16 | 11·19 | 11·99 | 10·85 | |
| Same date last year ..... | 27·91 | 13·95 | 23·58 | 22·77 | |

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., Ltd., CUMBALLA HILL, June 29.

Rain'all up to 8 a. m.

| Station. | Last 24 hours. | Total to date. | Corpdg. Total 1909. | Corpdg Total 1910. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cumballa Hill ... | In. cts. 0·00 | In. cts. 10·14 | In. cts. 22·99 | In cts. 25·81 |

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 29TH JUNE.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 29th June, 1911, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. The air is drier than usual except at Multan. Day temperature is in excess at Delhi and Ambala.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in moderate to large defect. Temperature is in excess, more particularly during the day.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is drier than usual in east Rajputana. Day temperature is in excess at Jaipur.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are

...WAY.

...TION PICTURE.

...to be congratulated on ... command to paint the ... Coronation. For any artist ... ng, and as it is one sometimes ... by weeks but years, his inten- ... finished before Christmas means hard ... Sir George Hayter had to paint the ... Victoria's Coronation he made his ... only by witnessing the Abbey ... the Lord Great Chamberlain's box, ... ing back to the Palace and accompanying ... ladies to the Queen's room when she returned ... took off her crown.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S CORONATION ARTIST.

On July 17, 1838, Sir George began work in earnest. The Queen was dressed in the white muslin ... with deep lace which she had worn at the ... ation, and in mounting the little throne in the painter's room, she put her foot through the lace, which made her remark that it was wonderful it was not torn in the Abbey, as the heavy Imperial robe pulled her back, and the long white muslin dress prevented her stepping forwards. "Every moment I feared the crown would fall off my head," she said, and added that the weight of the crown made her feel almost giddy.

POSING FOR THE PAINTING.

When the time came for arranging the posture, the Queen acted for two ladies as substitutes for her ... ness, the latter not being forthcoming, the Baroness Lehzen, with mock gravity, presented the Queen with the sceptre. "Oh, no, Lehzen," said her majesty, "I cannot take that." When the main ... of the picture came under discussion, the Queen insisted that she "would not be hooded down ... posterity staring and bowing her head." The picture, which contained sixty figures, was eventually bought by the Queen and placed in Windsor ...

MISTRESS OF THE ROBES.

... common theme of popular misconception ... like the present is the Mistress of the ... part she plays in the Royal House- ... Queen Anne ascended the throne, ... Duchess of Marlborough, was made ... Stole. The title was after- ... Mistress of the Robes," in defer- ... feminity of German Court usage ... that the Duchess bore the title ... according to English usage, if a ... es of a man she bore the mascu- ...

...OLD POLITICS.

...Waiting and other Royal ...servatives, under a Conser- ...Liberals, under a Libe- ...ded that the Ma- ...g to the political ...toria refused to ...ite odour of her ...n, and the Duch- ...ghter of a Duke ...ell the Queen's ...

...SSES.

...ex-M. P., and ... to prove once ... a Radical loves ...hility" two-part ...ir new play. ...mous is to be ... Congreve and ...tent with the ...nicault soared ... but since Sir ... and the But- ... ineffectually ...se" anything ...nt-day dra- ...

... will should ... ounce a will ... baked ...

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

A STAGE FROM RUSSIA.

At the beginning of the second act of Anton Tchehov's "Cherry Orchard" (produced at the Aldwych Theatre, London by the indomitable Stage Society), a German governess industriously informed the audience—apparently her most intimate friends—that she didn't know what was or what she was there for. The spectators, in a still worse dilemma (since they didn't know who anybody on the stage was or what "anybody" on the stage was there for), must have heartily sympathised and here lay the root of the afternoon's failure. To begin to understand Tchehov you must grow a beard under the Tsar. He is as intimately Russian as a cow is bovine, and you can no more translate the one into English than you can transmute the other into a sheep. Translation leads to the first misunderstanding; interpretation by English actors who can't understand the translation leads to the second; and audition by an English public—the heart-breaking public that endeavours to grasp only what it can see and succeeds in ridiculing all that it can't—leads to the third. It would be as impertinent for the insular Briton to condemn Tchehov's "Cherry Orchard" on this purported representation as it would be impertinent for Eskimo-book to condemn "Fanny's First Play" on a performance of it by Eskimo. But "The Cherry Orchard" is a very funny play if you Anglicise it, just as beef has a very funny flavour if you imagine it to be lamb. The plot proper does not make more than half a slice of life. Mme. Ranevsky is a spend-thrift who throws the helve after the hatchet. Money holds no terrors for her, and consequently less for her in disgust. She comes to that end of her tether where freedom is procurable only by the casting of the Gordian knot. She must sell her cherry orchard. It is a terrible wrench, for the orchard is ancestral, historic, even encyclopædic. But it is reluctantly put up to auction and purchased by a self-made Russian, who enjoys a tipsy triumph at a very mixed evening party, attended by the whole Russian museum of characters M. Tchehov presents. And so, as Mme. Ranevsky and her daughters leave their beloved land for Paris, you hear the men outside hacking down the orchard to convert it into building plots—which is the end, baldly viewed, of what might well have been named "Her House in Disorder." The greatest faults of the play are its excessive realism, which renders it as inconsequential as life; its lack of action which renders it as fitfulness as twilight; and its storm of psychological development—mentality, the characters begin where they end, and end where they began. It is a strange blend of realism, farce and fable, with a good deal of well-worn and a good deal of half-glimpsed symbolism. Most of the actors, as has been mentioned, were clearly at sea with their parts, but Mr. Franklin Dyall, as the most desultory gentleman one has ever seen, achieved one of his best performances. Bernard Shaw characterised the production to Mrs. Edward Garnett (the translatress) as the most important in England since that of "A Doll's House," but frankly one cannot feel that one has yet really seen Tchehov's "Cherry Orchard."

ANOTHER RESTAURANT FARCE.

It is chaff rather than grain that one expects to find in farces; but the chaff of Mr. Frank Howel Evans, whose "Half-a-Crown" was produced at the Royalty Theatre, London, on Wednesday night, in mail week was seldom very brilliant. This "Half-a-Crown" is not very bright; but it is not very dull either, and the acting in the noisy second scene, which takes place (you would never have guessed it) in a restaurant, is exceptionally clever. The story deals with the tribulations of one Christopher Middleton, who has got the bailiffs in, an overdraft at the bank, and has an uncle by adoption, who pays his debts and good-humouredly turns him into the streets with half-a-crown and a promise—a promise that he shall have £1,000 a year if, at the end of one month, he can produce a sovereign, honestly earned, but only a job at thirty bob a week if he can't. Christopher has great difficulty in accomplishing this Herculean task. We find him in a restaurant, promoted suddenly from the kitchen to take the place of a sacked knight of the napkin, and chumming up with a jewel of a waiter named Arris, joyously acted by Mr. Edmund Gwenn. We see him serving familiar faces at customers. And then in some mews and Christopher's best girl, Ethel, and her mother. There is a cut-or-a-love scene, in which Christopher's honesty refuses to let him accept needful sovereign from Ethel; there is a letter ... ming him that he has won £30 in a What Is ... petition; and there is an ingenuous endorse- ... on the cheque on Christopher's part, and an ... decampment with it on the part of the ... t manager and his own wife. The last ... in him acting as bailiff's man in his own ... because his uncle won't pay the rent till ... finds required. One minute before time ... and sixpence; and, on the stroke ... he earns it by carrying out his own ... the instalment-agent who has come ... Mr. Dennis Eadie works hard and is ... ming as Christopher, but one prefers him ... and Justice." Miss Suzanne Sheldon ... ming little sketch of the restaurant ... while Mr. Michael Sherbrooke is ... ver in the small part of the waiter ... Crown" is quite outshone by Mr. C. ... ertain raiser, "The Cat and the ...

...ers from the Abbey Theatre com- ...ir latest London season in mail ... Court Theatre with the most remark- ...haps the most attractive piece in their ..., Synge's "The Playboy of the Western ...rld." There have been rumours of changes in the company since last they were in London, but assuming that the leading actors and actresses come back to us, writes a Home correspondent, they are sure of a hearty welcome. The evening's bill also included a new play by Mr. George Fitzmaurice, called "The Pie-dish." Another novelty was produced in Mr. St. John G. Ervine's "Mixed Marriage," a four-act play lately and very successfully produced in Dublin; and later Mr. T. C. Murray's new and depressing piece, "Birthright," in two acts, was given for the first time in London.

BUSY TIME FOR CRITICS.

Altogether mail week was a busy one for the critics, for, in addition to the Irish productions, "Twelfth Night" went into the bill at His Majesty's and "Dombey and Son" into that at the Savoy; an important triple bill was presented at the Criterion and a new one-act play at the Playhouse; on this Wednesday night "The Crucible" was put on at the Comedy, with Mr. Henry Ainley and Miss D'Arcy in the chief parts; and on the Friday afternoon was presented "The Taming of the Shrew" at His Majesty's. A week or two more of this sort of thing, and the critics will be glad of a rest.

WOMEN'S AERIAL LEAGUE AND CENSORED PLAYS.

As the Women's Aerial League appears to exist—so far as its theatrical activities are concerned—for the purpose of producing plays which the Censor has forbidden, it becomes interesting to speculate as to what will be the next piece honoured by them. There are "Mrs. Warren's Profession," the three Brieux plays which have just been published by Mr. Fifield in English versions, Ibsen's "Ghosts," "The Council" and Tolstoy's "Powers of Darkness." Any of these, well acted, would fill a notable afternoon, and would carry on the soaring tendency instanced in the production of "Salome" and "Monna Vanna."

FAILURE OF "MARGARET CATCHPOLE."

Mr. Laurence Irving and Miss Mabel Hackney deserve every sympathy over the failure of "Margaret Catchpole," which, as they say in the profession, "came off" on Saturday evening in mail week, after a career of a fortnight. So spirited and lavish a production merited a better fate.

THE DANGERS OF GAGGING.

Apropos of gagging, to which, in the case of his own works, he had such a dislike, Sir William used to tell a good story of an episode which he once witnessed during a provincial performance of "Kathleen Mavourneen." There was a hitch in setting one of the scenes, and the officer, who had left the stage to lead the young rebel to his doom, returned, evidently with instructions to go on gagging until the scene was ready. He proceeded, therefore, to deliver himself at length on the subject of rebellion, which he described as "quite too awful," concluding eventually with the remark, "Yes, yes; rebellion is indeed a fearsome thing, and it is meet that he who takes part in it should suffer death to the very fullest extent!"

...According to a British Consular report the Japanese are looking to Korea to supply their mills with raw cotton. The ground available for cultivation is put at 1,000,000 acres, and a company with a capital of half a million sterling has been formed in Japan to exploit this area. So far production has been in the hands of a small association which extended its plantations from 1,000 acres in 1909 to 7,500 acres in 1910. Operations will now be conducted on a large scale, and it is calculated that by 1917 there will be 200,000 acres under crop. The seed used is the well-known American upland variety, which yields in Korea about 400lb. per acre. In this matter the Japanese are showing their usual foresight and shrewdness, and official assistance is being freely given to the new industry.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For tonic, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SEA-WEED SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess ... Countess of Westmeath, Lady White Vi- ...countess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many ... Delicately perfumed. Warning.—When buy- ... Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the ... and White Seal of Sibbologara on the wrapper. Sold ... Chemists, &c., &c., &c.


THE CHOICEST OF CHOICE PIANOS.

HIRE OR PURCHASE.

BLÜTHNER.
BROADWOOD.
SCHIEDMAYER.
RICHd. LIPP.
STEINWEG NACHF.

CROWN PIANOS.
CROWN ORGANS.

PIANO-PLAYERS.
PLAYER-PIANOS.

New Pianos from Rs. 550. Second-hand from Rs. 200.
UPRIGHT OR HORIZONTAL GRAND PIANOS.
BUILT SPECIALLY FOR THE INDIAN CLIMATE.
FOR CASH OR ON THE EASY PAYMENT SYSTEM.
Descriptive illustrated list on application.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
ESTABLISHED 1873. BOMBAY AND POONA.

CARLTON WHISKY

FINEST HIGHLAND MALT
11 YEARS OLD
RICHARD MATHEWS & CO. LD.
LONDON.
Obtainable of all Leading Merchants throughout the World.

HORLICK'S
MALTED MILK (In Powder) Form.
The Ideal Food for all ages.
Your Doctor has a high opinion of HORLICK'S. Ask him.
Take HORLICK'S from birth and live to a vigorous old age.
SUSTAINS—NOURISHES—BUILDS UP.
HORLICK'S feeds and sustains during fevers, and Medical experience ascribes a very large increase in the percentage of recoveries from Enteric and other fevers to the marvellous power of HORLICK'S in giving the necessary strength and stamina to enable the patient to recuperate and build up the strength so necessary to recovery.
NO COOKING—ADD WATER ONLY—READY IN AN INSTANT.
Sold in three sizes by all Stores, Bazaars, &c.
KEEPS IN ANY CLIMATE—ALWAYS SWEET AND PURE.
UNTOUCHED BY HANDS.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS, ENGLAND.

By Appointment to H. H. The Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda
PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & Co.
OCCULISTS & OPTICIANS,
Opp. Government Telegraph Office, 7 Hornby Row, BOMBAY.
THE FIRST AND ONLY FIRM
Who Offer their constituents Free Services of a Duly Qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon from Various Eye Hospitals of Europe, Holding Genuine English Registrable Diplomas.
PHIROZE M. DASTOOR
EYESIGHT SPECIALIST,
Has TWENTY YEARS' experience in SIGHT TESTING RETINOSCOPICALLY.
WE HOLD
Highest Credentials from H. H. The Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior, the Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Chief Justice of Bengal, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batty, Mrs. Batty, the Hon'ble Sir N. G. Chandavarkar, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, Mr H. G. Goli, M.V.O., Lt.-Col. G. H. Bull, M.D., I.M.S., Lt.-Col. Peters, M.B., I.M.S., and Other High Personages.
STOCK:—LATEST and MOST PERFECT makes.
PRICES:—EXTREMELY MODERATE

ASTHMA
Why suffer when—
LALKALA
will give you instant relief
EQUALLY EFFICACIOUS FOR HAY FEVER AND CROUP
Recommended by the Medical Profession
In Cigarettes or Papers, price, Rs. 2 per Box net
SURE SAFE PLEASANT
Obtainable from KEMP & CO., Chemists, BOMBAY.
Sole Proprietors & Manufacturers—Lanman Wilson & Co., 10, Cannon Street, London, E.C.

ASK FOR
Shem-el-Nessim.
An Inspiration in Perfume
(of all Chemists & Perfumers)
J. GROSSMITH & SON LONDON

The Soap for India.
Good for PRICKLY HEAT
Wards off INSECT BITES,
and there is nothing more refreshing than a bath with
WRIGHT'S COAL TARSOAP
6d. per Tablet.
To be obtained from:
KATRAK & Co.,
KATRAK'S BUILDINGS, KARACHI.

SAINT-RAPHAËL
TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE
Very palatable.
Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.
DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.
Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:
(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.
CLETEAS is a MELISSA and MINT cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation.
To be taken on a lump of sugar.
COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL, Valence (Drôme-France).
SPENCER & Co., Sole Agents for Madras. — PHILLIPS & Co., Agents in Bombay.
DUMOULIN & Co., Agents in Pondicherry.

YOUNGS,
RYLAND STREET WORKS.
BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.
MANUFACTURERS OF
HYDRAULIC LIFTING JACKS
Ship, Bridge, Traversing, Locomotive, Pulling, Carriage, Lifter and other Types,
Pulley Block,
CATALOGUE No. 27.

"PAISLEY FLOUR"
—the self-raising powder—
2 ozs. of it will raise 1 lb. of flour.
Give home baking with 'Paisley Flour' a trial to-day. You are sure of three things—freshness, digestibility ('Paisley Flour' cakes are always light), and less cost.
Mix one part to eight parts of ordinary flour dry before adding the other ingredients.
"Paisley Flour" is made by Brown and Polson, and sold in tins containing many useful recipes.

Make your own Cigarette
It is twice as good
AG CIGARETTE PAPER
BEST and PUREST
LARGEST SALE IN GT. BRITAIN

WARRANTED FIFTEEN YEARS

Packed Free. Carriage Paid direct from our Factory to your Port. Ten Days' Free Trial. Best British-made MEAD COVENTRY FLYERS
Defiance Puncture-Resisting or Dunlop Tyres, Coasters, Variable-Speed Gears, B.A. Free Wheels, Flyer or Brook's Saddles, etc.
MODEL 22 105/- to 29
Write at once, using efficient postage, for Free Art Catalogue and Special Offer on sample machine. Agents wanted.
MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, Dept. 823, LIVERPOOL.

A SAFE REMEDY FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.
If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, or should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has by a reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—PURIFIES THE BLOOD AND DISEASES PERMANENTLY.
Clarke's Blood Mixture
IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.
It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities from whatever cause arising. For

| | |
|---|---|
| SCROFULA, | BAD LEGS, |
| SCURVY | BLOTCHES, |
| ECZEMA | SPOTS, |
| BLOOD POISON, | BLACKHEADS |
| ULCERS, | PIMPLES, |
| SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES, | AND SORES OF ALL KINDS |

it is a safe and Permanent Remedy.
It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.
NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.
TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.
Mr. F. E. Lewis, 43, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes:—"Kindly favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'" —June 18, 1908"
IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have been some of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor* the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it as a successful and the public generally."
*Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.*
ASK FOR
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, St. Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

Stephens' Inks
Stephens' Ribbons AND Carbons
for Typewriters.
MARTIN'S PIOL & STEEL PILLS For Ladies
A French Remedy for all Irregularities.
MARTIN, Pharm. Chimist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND


Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

For Picnics you need a

# THERMETOT

Quart size, with gilt-lined dish.

¶ Ice Cream remains frozen for hours in a THERMETOT—no matter how hot the day. No ice or freezing mixture needed.

¶ The double sides of the Thermetot enclose a vacuum, and prevent external temperature from affecting the contents.

¶ Salad in a Thermetot keeps crisp and cool for days.

¶ Indoors and out the THERMETOT is a necessity.

Beware of Imitations. The only genuine are those bearing the "Thermos" name.

FROM ALL JEWELLERS, CHEMISTS, IRONMONGERS AND STORES

Wholesale only—A. E. GUTMANN & Co., 8 Long Lane, London, E.C.

NEW PATTERN NICKEL LEVER WATCH.

# The Sandow Lever

BEST VALUE IN INDIA.

Rs. 10.

Only Manufactured and Sold by

FAVRE-LUBA & CO.,

Watch and Clock Specialists.

31, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

This Watch has been specially designed for rough wear. It keeps good time, and will run on well for years.

Nickel Silver case.

Rs. 10.

Illustrations of dial and movement are shown exact size. Supplied in Box with spare glass and spring and guaranteed for 12 months.

BEWARE of IMITATIONS

RIGAUD'S

GENUINE

JAPAN KANANGA

TOILET WATER

PARIS AND FRANCE

SOLD BY ALL PERFUMERS

THE F

TO GRO

SARVANGASUNDARA RASA

COMPOUND POWER OF GOLD.

This is one of the foremost medicines in Consumption or Phthisis. It cures all varieties of Consumption or Phthisis, and allays all the painful symptoms and affections supervening that dreadful disease.

Price per 7 doses ... ... Rs. 5

Packing and postage ... ... As. 2

Diabetes cure—The sovereign remedy for diabetes mellitus and insipidus. All complaints cured rapidly and the cure is complete in a month.

Price Rs. 5 Post free Rs. 5-11.

PRESCRIPTIONS with or without Medicines are sent to every part of India, Burma, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, Cape and the British Isles, on receipt of concise description of disease.

Kaviraj Nagendra Nath Sen,

GOVT. MEDICAL DIPLOMA-HOLDER.

M. Ch. S. (Paris), M. Ch. S. (America), M. P. Ch. I. (London), M. S. A. S. London, etc. etc.

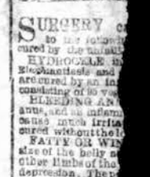
Nos. 18-1 & 19, Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta.

The Undermentioned Medicines are prepared from Herbs.

A BOON SUFFERING H

SURGERY SUPERS

SURGERY



TRY IT IN YOUR BATH

BY APPOINTMENT TO H.M. THE KING.

# SCRUBB'S AMMONIA

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.

Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.

Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.

Restores the Colour to Carpets.

Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.

Cleans Plate and Jewellery. Softens Hard Water.

For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.

SCRUBB & CO., LTD., Guildford St., LONDON, S.E.

# JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,

(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.,

BULWELL WORKS, WOLVERHAMPTON, ENG.

MAKERS OF

PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,

FOR

STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.

MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

WRITE FOR LIST No. 20.

CABLE: "EVANS" WOLVERHAMPTON.
CODES: OWN & A B C (5TH EDITION).

# ROWLAND'S KALYDOR

FOR THE SKIN

known for nearly a century as the most soothing, healing, refreshing and emollient milk for the skin ever produced; it prevents and removes Freckles, Tan, Pimples, Spots, Redness, and Roughness of the Skin, soothes and heals irritation, cutaneous eruptions more effectually than any other preparation, and imparts a matchless beauty to the complexion unobtainable by any other means. Warranted harmless. Bottles 2s. 3d., 4s. 6d., and 8s. 6d. Sold by stores, chemists, and Rowlands, 67, Hatton Garden, London.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's

# Chlorodyne

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

The Most Valuable Medicine ever discovered.

The best known Remedy for

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

Acts like a charm in

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY & CHOLERA.

Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS. Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP and AGUE.

The only palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM.

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

N.B.—Every bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by all Chemists.

Prices in England: 1/6, 2/9, 4/6.

Sole Manufacturers: J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd., LONDON, S.E.

A FACT WORTH NOTING.

# PAGE & SANDEMAN'S

Celebrated

# INVALID'S PORT,

Gold Capsule, is

SECOND TO NONE.

Insist on having it.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

PAGE & SANDEMAN, LONDON, ENGLAND.

A Nurse Companion

## Pneumonia and Pleurisy After Effects, Wasting and Weakness—

Happy and cheerful with abundance of energy and good spirits, is how Miss Dunford describes herself from the day she commenced to take Phosferine. Yet before she found relief in Phosferine *words failed* to express the miserable torments she endured from the effects of pneumonia and pleurisy, the aches, sleeplessness, neuralgia, and *wasting*, which even doctors failed to remedy. No wonder Miss Dunford feels (after two years of such suffering without ease or rest for the body) that Phosferine "has given her *a new* and *better* lease of life," for she declares it is entirely owing to Phosferine that she is actively busy again. Every overwrought wage-earning woman will find a message of hope in Miss Dunford's experience, with its splendid assurance of renewed nervous vitality, and absolute prevention of tissue wasting.

## Completely Overcome.

Miss Daisy Dunford, High Street, Shrewton, Wilts, writes:—"I have found Phosferine to be a wonderful remedy. Some two years ago I had pneumonia and pleurisy, which left me with terrible pains in my back and legs. Two doctors prescribed for me, but gave me not the slightest relief. I could not sit, lie down, or sleep, on account of the incessant agony, and I became so exceedingly *weak and wasted* that my friends were seriously alarmed. My appetite failed, and the little food I ate caused indigestion; my life was nothing but a prolonged torture. The doctors said it was a form of neuralgia and sciatica, but the words do not convey any idea of my fearful state. I thought I would give Phosferine a trial, which I did, and after taking it for a little while, the pains were not nearly so acute, and finally left me altogether. I *regained flesh*, felt stronger, the indigestion entirely disappeared, and now, thanks to its marvellous aid, my health and strength, is completely restored. I cannot put into words my gratitude for the good Phosferine has done me, for I feel it has given me a *new and better lease of life*."

# PHOSFERINE

THE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

A PROVEN REMEDY FOR

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Nervous Debility | Neuralgia | Lassitude | Backache |
| Influenza | Maternity Weakness | Neuritis | Rheumatism |
| Indigestion | Premature Decay | Faintness | Headache |
| Sleeplessness | Mental Exhaustion | Brain-Fag | Hysteria |

and all disorders consequent upon a reduced state of the nervous system.

## The Royal Tonic

Phosferine has been supplied by Royal Commands

| | |
|---|---|
| To the British Royal Family | H.M. the Queen of Spain |
| H.I.M. the Empress of Russia | H.I.M. the Dowager Empress of Russia |
| H.M. the King of Spain | H.I.H. the Grand Duchess Olga of Russia |
| H.M. the King of Greece | H.R.H. the Grand Duchess of Hesse |
| H.M. the Queen of Roumania | The Imperial Family of China |

And the Principal Royalty and Aristocracy throughout the world.

*Price in Great Britain: Bottles, 2/9 & 4/6. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.*

The 2/9 Size contains nearly four times the 1/1½ size

PROPRIETORS—ASHTON & PARSONS, LTD., LONDON, ENGLAND.

*Wholesale Agents*—

Messrs. J. A. KIRKBRIDE & Co., 60, Tamarind Lane, BOMBAY.

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

# DR. DE ROOS'

WORLD-FAMED

# GUTTÆ VITÆ

OR, LIFE DROPS.

*The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.*

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay or deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poverty of the blood, a few drops only are sufficient to impart vigour, strength, and energy, to the whole system, and to remove all nervousness, trembling of the hands, dizziness, confused ideas, weakness of the limbs, shame, confusion, dread of society or solitude, blushing, wakefulness, pimples on the face, aversion to mankind, love of solitude, lowness of spirits, gloomy forebodings, indigestion, constipation, wind in the stomach, sick headache, giddiness, dimness of sight, loss of memory, universal lassitude of the muscular system, hot hands, flushing of the body, dryness of the skin, unnatural appetite, frightful dreams, nervous apprehension, trembling, palpitation of the heart, pain in the region of the kidneys, and all the distressing symptoms which, if allowed to go on, lead to premature decay, destroy both mind and body, render marriage improper or unhappy, and make life a burden instead of a pleasure. Thousands of testimonials from all parts of the world, many of them from the highest personages in the land, can be seen at the Sole Consignees'. Price 11s. per bottle, or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

DR. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; while as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 13½d. and 2s. 9d. per box.

DR. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. De Roos' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by DR DE ROOS, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, &c. resulting from excesses, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. LEWIS, Medical Publisher, 24 Vaud Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of the Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.



TRADE MARK 'VANA' BRAND TONIC WINE

The powerful and rapid action of this pure, wholesome nerve tonic, renders it

THE IDEAL RESTORATIVE

in mental and physical exhaustion and disorders of the nervous system. It restores strength and appetite after illness and fortifies the system against Malaria and other tropical fevers.

*Obtainable at all Pharmacies, Dispensaries and Stores*

Prepared by

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO., LONDON (ENG.)

# ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

A HOUSEHOLD REMEDY FOR

All Functional Derangements of the Liver, Temporary Congestion arising from Alcoholic Beverages, Errors in Diet, (Eating or Drinking,) Biliousness, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Oppression or Feeling of Melancholy, Vomiting, Heartburn, Sourness of the Stomach, or Constipation. It is a Refreshing and Invigorating Beverage, most Invaluable to Travellers, Emigrants, Sailors, and Residents in Tropical Climates.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" assists the Functions of the Liver, Bowels, Skin and Kidneys by Natural Means; thus the blood is freed from poisonous or effete hurtful matters, the foundation and great danger of Gallic Fever, Worry, Blood Poisons, &c. There is no doubt that, where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, prevented a serious illness.

CAUTION.—*Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked* ENO'S FRUIT SALT, *otherwise you have the meanest form of flattery*—IMITATION.

Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E., Eng., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

"CAUTION—The name of "PHOSPHODYNE" is prot
"under the Trade Marks Protection Act for the whole of Indi
"proceedings will be taken against the vendors of any colorable o
"imitation thereof."

*The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4, open to a*

REGISTERED. DR. LALOR'S TRADE MARK

# PHOSPHODYN

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE W

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation, as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney, and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its Kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above Diseases with each Bottle.

Its energising effects are shown first day of its administration by a Increase of Nerve and Intellectua wire a feeling of Courage, Strength, Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated, The Appetite increases wonderfully, Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

# DR DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be

*The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

DR. PROSSER JAMES,

*Lecturer on Materia Medica, London Hospital.*

"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active ingredients of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Profession is extending its use."

DR. HUNTER SEMPLE,

*Physician to the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, London.*

"I have long been aware of the great reputation enjoyed by the LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL introduced into medical practice by Dr. DE JONGH, and have recommended it with the utmost confidence. I have no hesitation in stating my opinion, that it possesses all the qualities of a good and efficient medicine. Its taste is by no means disagreeable, and might even be called pleasant. I have found Dr. DE JONGH'S OIL very useful in cases of Bronchi Cough, and especially in Laryngeal Disease complicated with Consumption."

DR. SAUNDERS, C.B.,

*Late Deputy-Inspector-General Army Hospitals, Superintendent London Medical Mission.*

"I have used Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL extensively among the sick poor of St. Giles's, and consider it an invaluable remedy, especially in the Wasting Diseases of Children."

DR. WHITMORE,

*Medical Officer of Health, St. Marylebone, London.*

"My own somewhat long-tested experience as a Medical Practitioner enables me with confidence to recommend Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as being more uniform in quality, more certain in its effects, more palatable, and intimately less likely to disagree with the stomach than the Pale Oil. If I were asked for an explanation of the marked success which for so many years has attended the administration of Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, I should say that it is owing to its extraordinary medicinal digestive, and nutritive properties, and which are found to exist in no other medicine that I am acquainted with, in such uniform combination."

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with Dr. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures, WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,

ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., Ltd., 152, GRAY'S INN RD., LONDON.

ALWAYS ASK FOR

# ZIG-ZAG

BEST CIGARETTE PAPER


Printed and Published for the Proprietors "The Bombay Gazette," Limited, by N. [illegible] Guard at the "Bombay Gazette," Electric Printing Works, No. 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Sole Advertisements Agents in the United Kingdom Messrs. WILLIAM J. REYNELL & [illegible], 28 Finsbury Street, London E.C.